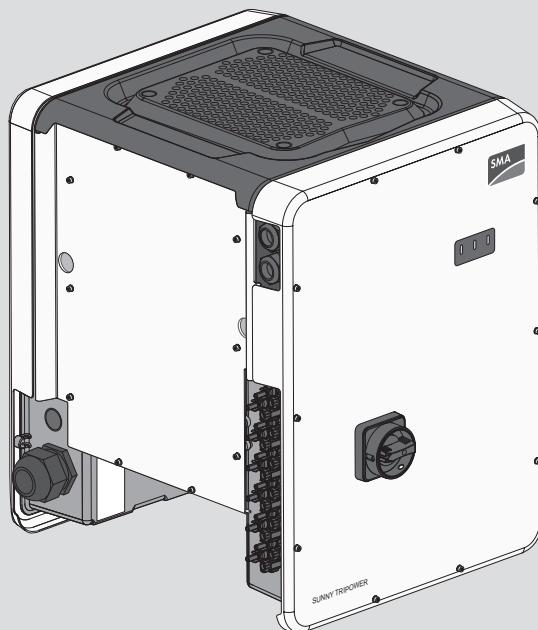


Operating manual

Sunny Tripower CORE1 (STP 50-40)



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You can download the current warranty conditions from the Internet at www.SMA-Solar.com.

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The licenses for the installed software modules (open source) can be found in the user interface of the product.

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1 Information on this Document

1.1 Validity

This document is valid for:

- STP 50-40 (Sunny Tripower CORE1) from firmware version ≥ 3.00.00.R

1.2 Target Group

This document is intended for qualified persons and end users. Only qualified persons are allowed to perform the activities marked in this document with a warning symbol and the caption "Qualified person". Tasks that do not require any particular qualification are not marked and can also be performed by end users. Qualified persons must have the following skills:

- Knowledge of how an inverter works and is operated
- Training in how to deal with the dangers and risks associated with installing, repairing and using electrical devices and installations
- Training in the installation and commissioning of electrical devices and installations
- Knowledge of all applicable laws, standards and directives
- Knowledge of and compliance with this document and all safety information

1.3 Content and Structure of this Document

This document describes the mounting, installation, commissioning, configuration, operation, troubleshooting and decommissioning of the product as well as the operation of the product user interface.

You will find the latest version of this document and further information on the product in PDF format and as eManual at www.SMA-Solar.com. You can also call up the eManual via the user interface of the product.

Illustrations in this document are reduced to the essential information and may deviate from the real product.

1.4 Levels of Warning Messages

The following levels of warning messages may occur when handling the product.

DANGER

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, can result in property damage.

1.5 Symbols in the Document

Symbol	Explanation
	Information that is important for a specific topic or goal, but is not safety-relevant
<input type="checkbox"/>	Indicates a requirement for meeting a specific goal
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Desired result
	A problem that might occur
	Example

QUALIFIED PERSON

Sections describing activities to be performed by qualified persons only

1.6 Typographies in the Document

Typography	Use	Example
bold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Messages Terminals Elements on a user interface Elements to be selected Elements to be entered 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connect the insulated conductors to the terminals X703:1 to X703:6. Enter 10 in the field Minutes.
>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connects several elements to be selected 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select Settings > Date.
[Button] [Key]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Button or key to be selected or pressed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select [Enter].
#	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Placeholder for variable components (e.g., parameter names) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Parameter WCtlHz.Hz#

1.7 Designation in the document

Complete designation	Designation in this document
Sunny Tripower CORE1	Inverter, product

1.8 Additional Information

For more information, please go to www.SMA-Solar.com.

Title and information content	Type of information
"Application for SMA Grid Guard Code"	Form
"PUBLIC CYBER SECURITY - Guidelines for a Secure PV System Communication"	Technical information
"SMA GRID GUARD 10.0 - Grid management services through SMA Inverter"	Technical Information
"SUNNY TRIPower CORE1 - Simplified Implementation of Grid and PV System Protection in PV Systems in accordance with VDE AR-N 4105"	Technical Information
"Efficiency and Derating"	Technical Information
Efficiency and derating behavior of the SMA inverters	
"Short-Circuit Currents"	Technical Information
Information on short-circuit currents of SMA PV inverters	
"Parameters and Measured Values"	Technical Information
Overview of all inverter operating parameters and their configuration options	
"SMA and SunSpec Modbus® Interface"	Technical Information
Information on the Modbus interface	
"Modbus® parameters and measured values"	Technical Information
Device-specific register HTML file	
"Integrated Plant Control"	Technical Information
Detailed explanation of the function and description for setting the function	
"SMA SPEEDWIRE FIELDBUS"	Technical information
"Temperature Derating"	Technical Information

2 Safety

2.1 Intended Use

The Sunny Tripower is a transformerless PV inverter, with 6 MPP trackers, that converts the direct current of the PV array to grid-compliant, three-phase current and feeds it into the utility grid.

The product is suitable for indoor and outdoor use.

The product must only be operated with PV modules of protection class II in accordance with IEC 61730, application class A. The PV modules must be compatible with this product.

The product is not equipped with a transformer and therefore has no galvanic isolation. The product must not be operated with PV modules whose outputs are grounded. This can cause the product to be destroyed. The product may be operated with PV modules whose frame is grounded.

PV modules with a high capacity to ground must only be used if their coupling capacity does not exceed 12.6 μ F (for information on how to calculate the coupling capacity, see the Technical Information "Leading Leakage Currents" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

All components must remain within their permitted operating ranges and their installation requirements at all times.

The product must only be used in countries for which it is approved or released by SMA Solar Technology AG and the grid operator.

Use SMA products only in accordance with the information provided in the enclosed documentation and with the locally applicable laws, regulations, standards and directives. Any other application may cause personal injury or property damage.

Alterations to the SMA products, e.g., changes or modifications, are only permitted with the express written permission of SMA Solar Technology AG. Unauthorized alterations will void guarantee and warranty claims and in most cases terminate the operating license. SMA Solar Technology AG shall not be held liable for any damage caused by such changes.

Any use of the product other than that described in the Intended Use section does not qualify as the intended use.

The enclosed documentation is an integral part of this product. Keep the documentation in a convenient, dry place for future reference and observe all instructions contained therein.

This document does not replace and is not intended to replace any local, state, provincial, federal or national laws, regulations or codes applicable to the installation, electrical safety and use of the product. SMA Solar Technology AG assumes no responsibility for the compliance or non-compliance with such laws or codes in connection with the installation of the product.

The type label must remain permanently attached to the product.

2.2 IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

This section contains safety information that must be observed at all times when working.

The product has been designed and tested in accordance with international safety requirements. As with all electrical or electronical devices, there are residual risks despite careful construction. To prevent personal injury and property damage and to ensure long-term operation of the product, read this section carefully and observe all safety information at all times.

⚠ DANGER**Danger to life due to electric shock when live components or DC cables are touched**

When exposed to light, the PV modules generate high DC voltage which is present in the DC cables. Touching live DC cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Do not touch non-insulated parts or cables.
- Disconnect the product from voltage sources and make sure it cannot be reconnected before working on the device.
- Do not disconnect the DC connectors under load.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment for all work on the product.

⚠ DANGER**Danger to life due to electric shock from touching an ungrounded PV module or array frame**

Touching ungrounded PV modules or array frames results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Connect and ground the frame of the PV modules, the array frame and the electrically conductive surfaces so that there is continuous conduction. Observe the applicable local regulations.

⚠ DANGER**Danger to life due to electric shock when touching live system components in case of a ground fault**

If a ground fault occurs, parts of the system may still be live. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Disconnect the product from voltage sources and make sure it cannot be reconnected before working on the device.
- Touch the cables of the PV array on the insulation only.
- Do not touch any parts of the substructure or frame of the PV array.
- Do not connect PV strings with ground faults to the inverter.

DANGER**Danger to life due to electric shock in case of overvoltages and if surge protection is missing**

Overvoltages (e. g. in the event of a flash of lightning) can be further conducted into the building and to other connected devices in the same network via the network cables or other data cables if there is no surge protection. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Ensure that all devices in the same network are integrated in the existing overvoltage protection.
- When laying the network cable outdoors, ensure that there is suitable surge protection at the network cable transition from the product outdoors to the network inside the building.
- The Ethernet interface of the inverter is classified as "TNV-1" and offers protection against overvoltages of up to 1.5 kV.

WARNING**Danger to life due to fire or explosion**

In rare cases, an explosive gas mixture can be generated inside the inverter under fault conditions. In this state, switching operations can cause a fire inside the inverter or explosion. Death or lethal injuries due to hot or flying debris can result.

- In the event of a fault, do not perform any direct actions on the inverter.
- Ensure that unauthorized persons have no access to the inverter.
- Do not operate the DC load-break switch on the inverter in the event of ground fault
- Disconnect the PV array from the inverter via an external disconnection device. If there is no disconnecting device present, wait until no more DC power is applied to the inverter.
- Disconnect the AC circuit breaker, or keep it disconnected in case it has already tripped, and secure it against reconnection.
- Only perform work on the inverter (e.g., troubleshooting, repair work) when wearing personal protective equipment for handling of hazardous substances (e.g., safety gloves, eye and face protection, respiratory protection).

WARNING**Risk of injury due to toxic substances, gases and dusts.**

In rare cases, damages to electronic components can result in the formation of toxic substances, gases or dusts inside the inverter. Touching toxic substances and inhaling toxic gases and dusts can cause skin irritation, burns or poisoning, trouble breathing and nausea.

- Only perform work on the inverter (e.g., troubleshooting, repair work) when wearing personal protective equipment for handling of hazardous substances (e.g., safety gloves, eye and face protection, respiratory protection).
- Ensure that unauthorized persons have no access to the inverter.

⚠ WARNING**Danger to life due to electric shock from destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage**

Overvoltage can damage a measuring device and result in voltage being present in the enclosure of the measuring device. Touching the live enclosure of the measuring device results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Only use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 1000 V or higher.

⚠ CAUTION**Risk of burns due to hot enclosure parts**

The enclosure and the enclosure lid may get hot during operation. The DC load-break switch can not become hot.

- Do not touch hot surfaces.
- Wait until the inverter has cooled down before touching the enclosure or enclosure lid.

⚠ CAUTION**Risk of injury due to weight of product**

Injuries may result if the product is lifted incorrectly or dropped while being transported or mounted.

- Carry and lift the product upright with the help of several people. Take the weight and the center of gravity of the product into account. The center of gravity is on the side of the AC-Connection Unit.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment for all work on the product.
- Transport the product using the carrying handles or hoist. Take the weight of the product into account.
- Use all carrying handles provided during transport with carrying handles.
- Do not use the carrying handles as attachment points for hoist equipment (e.g. straps, ropes, chains). Insert eye bolts into threads provided on top of the product to attach the hoist system.

NOTICE**Damage to the enclosure seal in subfreezing conditions**

If you open the product when temperatures are below freezing, the enclosure seals can be damaged. Moisture can penetrate the product and damage it.

- Only open the product if the ambient temperature is not below -5 °C.
- If a layer of ice has formed on the enclosure seal when temperatures are below freezing, remove it prior to opening the product (e.g. by melting the ice with warm air).

NOTICE

Damage to the product due to sand, dust and moisture ingress

Sand, dust and moisture penetration can damage the product and impair its functionality.

- Only open the product if the humidity is within the thresholds and the environment is free of sand and dust.
- Do not open the product during a dust storm or precipitation.
- Close tightly all enclosure openings.

NOTICE

Damage due to cleaning agents

The use of cleaning agents may cause damage to the product and its components.

- Clean the product and all its components only with a cloth moistened with clear water.

NOTICE

Damage to the inverter due to electrostatic discharge

Touching electronic components can cause damage to or destroy the inverter through electrostatic discharge.

- Ground yourself before touching any component.

NOTICE

High costs due to inappropriate Internet tariff

Depending on use, the data volume of the product transferred via the Internet may vary in size. The data volume depends, for example, on the number of inverters in the system, the frequency of device updates, the frequency of data transfer to Sunny Portal or the use of FTP push. High costs for the Internet connection can be the result.

- SMA Solar Technology AG recommends using an Internet flat rate.

i Change to the names and units of grid parameters to comply with the grid-connection requirements in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/631 (valid from April 27, 2019)

To comply with the EU grid-connection requirements (valid from April 27, 2019) the names and units of grid parameters were changed. This change is valid from firmware version $\geq 3.00.00.R$ if a country data set for fulfilling the EU grid-connection requirements (valid from 2019-04-27) is set. Names and units of grid parameters for inverters with firmware version $\leq 2.99.99.R$ are not affected by this change and remain valid. This also applies from firmware version $\geq 3.00.00.R$ if a country data set that is valid for countries outside the EU is set.

3 Scope of Delivery

Check the scope of delivery for completeness and any externally visible damage. Contact your distributor if the scope of delivery is incomplete or damaged.

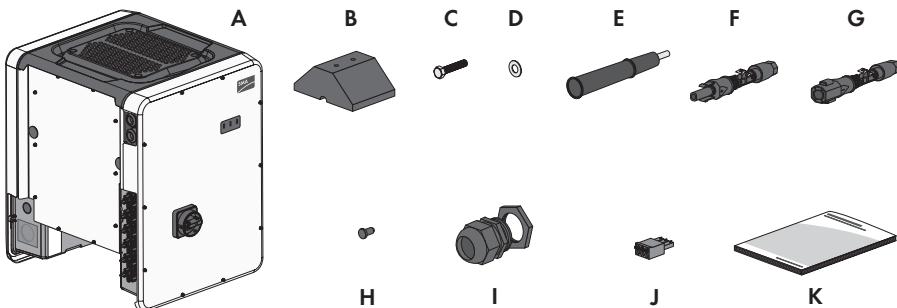


Figure 1: Components included in the scope of delivery

Position	Quantity	Designation
A	1	Inverter
B	4	Foot
C	8	Hexagon bolt M8x40
D	8	Washer
E	4	Carrying handle
F	12	Positive DC connector
G	12	Negative DC connector
H	24	Sealing plug for DC connectors
I	1	Cable gland M63 with counter nut
J	1	3-pole terminal block
K	1	Quick Reference Guide

4 Product Overview

4.1 Product Description

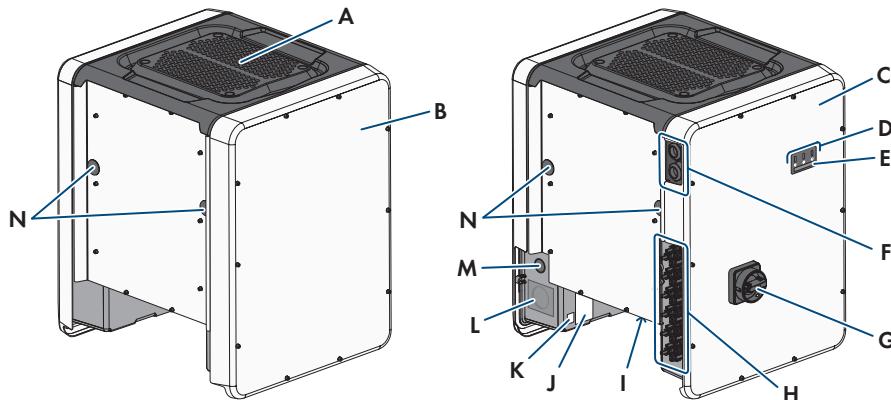


Figure 2: Design of the product

Position	Designation
A	Cover
B	AC Connection Unit
C	DC Connection Unit
D	LEDs The LEDs indicate the operating state of the product.
E	Display (optional) The product is equipped with a display upon request. The display shows the current operating data and events or errors.
F	Cable glands for data cables
G	DC load-break switch
H	DC connector
I	Fan bracket with three fans

Position	Designation
J	<p>Type label</p> <p>The type label clearly identifies the product. The type label must remain permanently attached to the product. You will find the following information on the type label:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device type (Model) • Serial number (Serial No. or S/N) • Date of manufacture • Device-specific characteristics
K	<p>Additional label with details for registration in Sunny Portal and WLAN password:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identification key (PIC) for registration in Sunny Portal • Registration ID (RID) for registration in Sunny Portal • WLAN password (WPA2-PSK) for the direct connection to the user interface of the inverter via WLAN
L	Enclosure opening for AC connection
M	Enclosure opening for additional cable
N	Enclosure opening for carrying handle

4.2 Symbols on the Product

Symbol	Explanation
	<p>Beware of a danger zone</p> <p>This symbol indicates that the product must be additionally grounded if additional grounding or equipotential bonding is required at the installation site.</p>
	<p>Beware of electrical voltage</p> <p>The product operates at high voltages.</p>
	<p>Beware of hot surface</p> <p>The product can get hot during operation.</p>
	<p>Observe the documentation</p> <p>Observe all documentation supplied with the product.</p>
	<p>Observe the documentation</p> <p>Together with the red LED, this symbol indicates an error.</p>

Symbol	Explanation
	Inverter Together with the green LED, this symbol indicates the operating state of the inverter.
	Data transmission Together with the blue LED, this symbol indicates the status of the network connection.
	Grounding conductor This symbol indicates the position for connecting a grounding conductor.
	Grounding This symbol indicates the position for the connection of an additional grounding conductor.
	Three-phase alternating current with neutral conductor
	Direct current
	The product is has no galvanic isolation.
	WEEE designation Do not dispose of the product together with the household waste but in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.
	The product is suitable for outdoor installation.
IP65	Degree of protection IP65 The product is protected against the penetration of dust and water that is directed as a jet against the enclosure from all directions.
	CE marking The product complies with the requirements of the applicable EU directives.
	RoHS labeling The product complies with the requirements of the applicable EU directives.
	ICASA The product complies with the requirements of the South African standards for telecommunication.

Symbol	Explanation
 ANATEL 08492-17-03337	ANATEL The product complies with the requirements of the Brazilian standards for telecommunication. Este equipamento opera em caráter secundário, isto é, não tem direito a proteção contra interferência prejudicial, mesmo de estações do mesmo tipo, e não pode causar interferência a sistemas operando em caráter primário.
	The product complies with the Moroccan safety and EMC requirements for electronic products.

4.3 Interfaces and Functions

The inverter can be equipped or retrofitted with the following interfaces and functions:

User interface for monitoring and configuration

The product is equipped as standard with an integrated webserver, which provides a user interface for configuring and monitoring the product. The product user interface can be called up via the web browser if there is an existing connection to an end device (e.g. computer, tablet PC or smartphone).

Smart Inverter Screen

The Smart Inverter Screen enables you to view the status display and to display the current power and consumption on the user interface login page. This gives you an overview of the most important inverter data without having to log into the user interface.

The Smart Inverter Screen is deactivated by default. The Smart Inverter Screen can be activated via the user interface once the inverter has been commissioned.

SMA Speedwire

The product is equipped with SMA Speedwire as standard. SMA Speedwire is a type of communication based on the Ethernet standard. SMA Speedwire is designed for a data transfer rate of 100 Mbps and enables optimum communication between Speedwire devices within systems.

SMA Webconnect

The inverter is equipped with a Webconnect function as standard. The Webconnect function enables direct data transmission between the inverter and Sunny Portal without any additional communication device and for a maximum of 4 inverters per visualized system. In PV systems with more than 4 inverters, there is the option of establishing data transmission between the inverters and Sunny Portal via the data logger (e.g., SMA Data Manager) or distributing the inverters over several systems. You can directly access your visualized system via the web browser on your end device.

WLAN

The product is equipped with a WLAN interface as standard. The inverter is delivered with the WLAN interface activated as standard. If you do not want to use WLAN, you can deactivate the WLAN interface.

In addition, the product has a WPS function. The WPS function is for automatically connecting the product to a network (e.g. via router) and establish a direct connection between the product and an end device.

Expanding the radio range in the WLAN network

In order to expand the radio range of the inverter in the WLAN network, you can install the Antenna Extension Kit accessory set in the inverter.

Modbus

The product is equipped with a Modbus interface. The Modbus interface is deactivated by default and must be configured as needed.

The Modbus interface of the supported SMA products is designed for industrial use – via SCADA systems, for example – and has the following tasks:

- Remote query of measured values
- Remote setting of operating parameters
- Setpoint specifications for system control

Module slots

The inverter is standard-equipped with two module slots. The module slots are located on the communication assembly and allow additional modules to be connected (e.g. SMA Sensor Module). The modules are available as accessories. The installation of two identical modules is not permissible.

SMA RS485 Module

With the assembly of the RS485 Module, the inverter can communicate with special SMA communication products (Information on assembly and connection see manual of the SMA RS485 Module). The SMA RS485 Module can be retrofitted.

Antenna Extension Kit

Within the WLAN network, the Antenna Extension Kit enables the radio range of the inverter to be upgraded (Information on assembly and connection see manual of the Antenna Extension Kit). The Antenna Extension Kit can be retrofitted.

SMA Sensor Module

The SMA Sensor Module has different interfaces for connecting various sensors (i.e. temperature sensor, irradiation sensor, anemometer or energy meter). The SMA Sensor Module converts the signals of the connected sensors and transmits them to the inverter. The SMA Sensor Module can be retrofitted.

SMA I/O modules

The SMA I/O Module enables the inverter to perform grid management services (for information on installation and connection, see the manual of the SMA I/O Module). The SMA I/O Module can be retrofitted.

Grid management services

The product is equipped with service functions for grid management.

Depending on the requirements of the grid operator, you can activate and configure the functions (e.g. active power limitation) via operating parameters.

Grid and PV system protection

The inverter is equipped with redundant and monitored switching elements for grid disconnection simplifying grid and PV system protection required according to VDE-AR-N 4105. In this case the disconnection devices integrated in the inverter can replace an external tie switch. An external, certified monitoring unit with an integrated PV system protection relay (potential-free) and an alarm contact (implemented as break contact) must be included. In addition, the inverter must be equipped with firmware version > 3.01.00.R and an SMA I/O Module. The inverter can be connected to the monitoring unit of the grid and PV system protection device via the SMA I/O Module and receive the signal for grid disconnection (for further information see technical information "SUNNY TRIPower CORE1 - Simplified Implementation of Grid and PV System Protection in PV System in accordance with VDE-AR-N 4105:2018-11").

Multifunction Relay

The inverter is equipped with a multifunction relay as standard. The multifunction relay is an interface that can be configured for the operating mode used by a particular system.

SMA OptiTrac Global Peak

SMA OptiTrac Global Peak is an advancement of SMA OptiTrac and allows the operating point of the inverter to follow the optimal operating point of the PV array (MPP) precisely at all times. In addition, with the aid of SMA OptiTrac Global Peak, the inverter detects several maximum power points in the available operating range, such as may occur particularly with partially shaded strings. SMA OptiTrac Global Peak is enabled by default.

String-Failure Detection

The string-failure detection measures the total current of every input and continuously calculates the mean values for the inputs in question. The total currents are compared with the mean values. If a total current exceeds or falls short of the mean value by the set tolerance value, an event is reported. Marginally increased total currents are reliably detected over several query intervals and distinguished from typical current fluctuations of the PV array. String-failure detection is deactivated by default and must be activated. In addition, the tolerance value can be set via the user interface and the mean values read off.

Surge arrester type 1 and 2

On the AC and DC side, the inverter is equipped with slots for type 1 and 2 surge protection devices. The surge protection devices limit dangerous overvoltages. The surge protection devices can be retrofitted.

SMA Smart Connected

SMA Smart Connected is the free monitoring of the inverter via the SMA Sunny Portal. Thanks to SMA Smart Connected, the PV system operator and qualified person will be informed automatically and proactively about inverter events that occur.

SMA Smart Connected is activated during registration in Sunny Portal. In order to use SMA Smart Connected, it is necessary that the inverter is permanently connected to Sunny Portal and the data of the PV system operator and qualified person is stored in Sunny Portal and up-to-date.

Universal mounting system (UMS_Kit-10)

The universal mounting system enables wall mounting of the inverter or serves as platform for higher mounting on the ground. The universal mounting system is available as an accessory.

4.4 LED Signals

The LEDs indicate the operating state of the inverter.

LED signal	Explanation
The green LED is flashing (two seconds on and two seconds off)	Waiting for feed-in conditions The conditions for feed-in operation are not yet met. As soon as the conditions are met, the inverter will start feed-in operation.
The green LED flashes quickly	Update of central processing unit The central processing unit of the inverter is being updated.
The green LED is glowing	Feed-in operation The inverter feeds in with a power of at least 90%.
The green LED is pulsing	Feed-in operation The inverter is equipped with a dynamic power display via the green LED. Depending on the power, the green LED pulses fast or slow. If necessary, you can switch off the dynamic power display via the green LED.
The green LED is off	The inverter is not feeding into the utility grid.
The red LED is glowing	Event occurred If an event occurs, a distinct event message and the corresponding event number will be displayed in addition on the inverter user interface or in the communication product (e.g. SMA Data Manager).
The blue LED flashes slowly for approx. one minute	Communication connection is being established The inverter is establishing a connection to a local network or is establishing a direct connection to an end device via Ethernet (e.g. computer, tablet PC or smartphone).

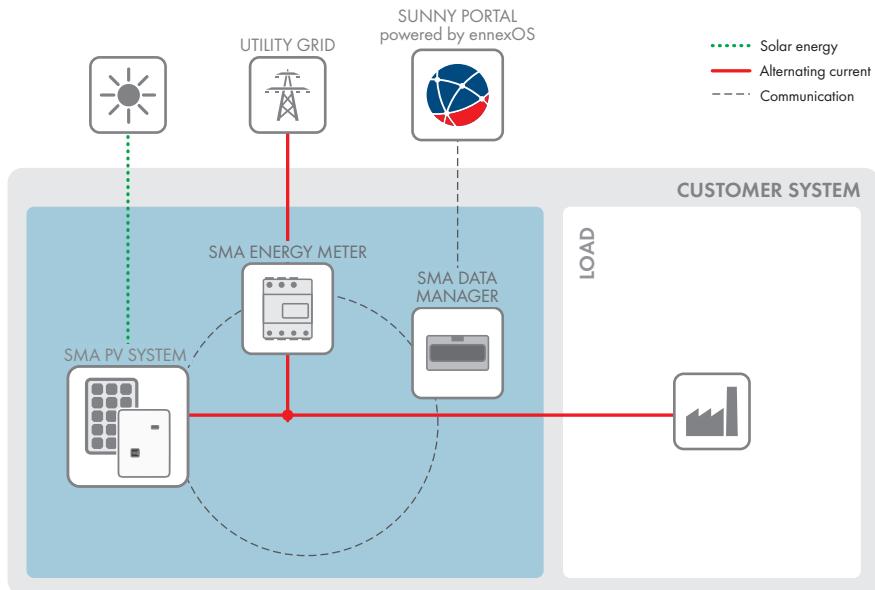
LED signal	Explanation
The blue LED flashes quickly for approx. two minutes (0.25 s on and 0.25 s off).	WPS active The WPS function is active.
The blue LED is glowing	Communication active There is an active connection with a local network or there is a direct connection with an end device via Ethernet (e.g. computer, tablet PC or smartphone).

4.5 Display messages

Display message	Explanation
Package	Installed firmware version and configured country data set
Ser	Product serial number
HW	Hardware version of the product
FW-HP	Firmware version of the central processing unit
FW-KP	Firmware version of the communication processor
Ethcom A	Status of the network port A
Ethcom B	Status of the network port B
E-IP	Ethernet IP address of the product
SMsk	Subnet mask of the product
GW	Gateway address of the product
DNS	IP address of the domain name server
Wlancom	Status of the WLAN connection
W-IP	WLAN IP address of the product
DC A	Status of the DC input A
DC B	Status of the DC input B
DC C	Status of the DC input C
DC D	Status of the DC input D
DC E	Status of the DC input E
DC F	Status of the DC input F
AC1	Voltage/current between line conductors and neutral conductor
AC2	Voltage/current between line conductors and neutral conductor
AC3	Voltage/current between line conductors and neutral conductor
Update status	Firmware update information

Display message	Explanation
Error	An event has occurred.
P	Instantaneous output power
E-Total	Total produced energy
Pmax	Currently set active power limit
cos φ	Displacement power factor cos φ
Update file(s) found	New firmware version available
Update progress	Update is being performed

4.6 System Overview



4.6.1 Circuitry Overview

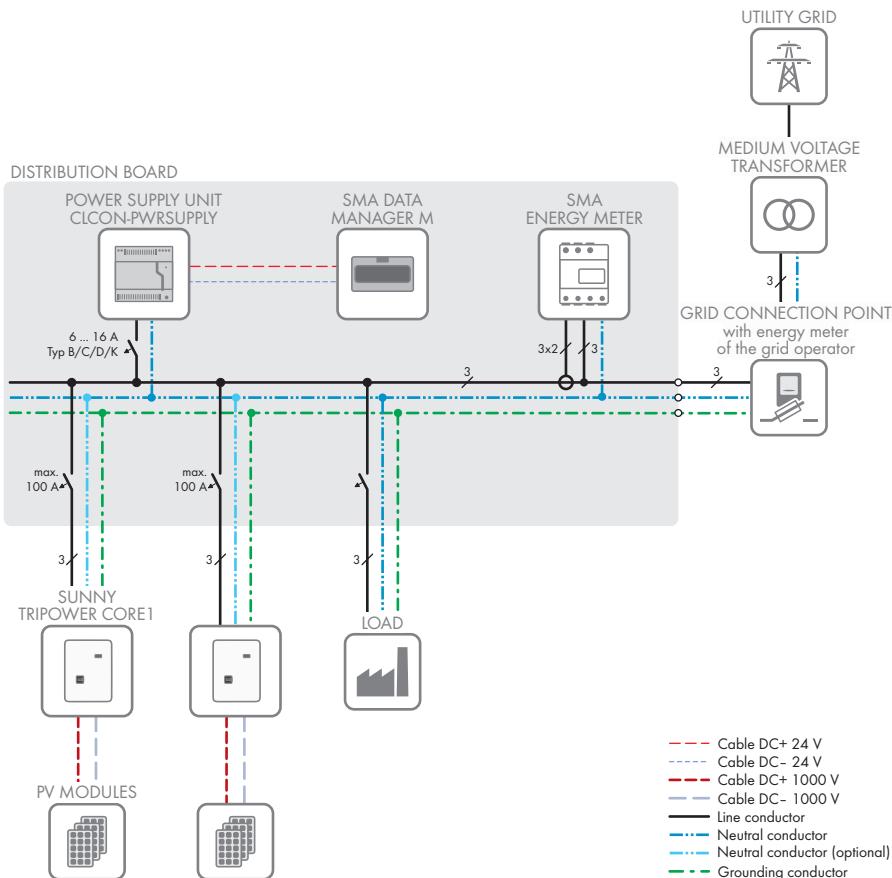


Figure 3: Circuitry overview (example)

4.6.2 Communication Overview

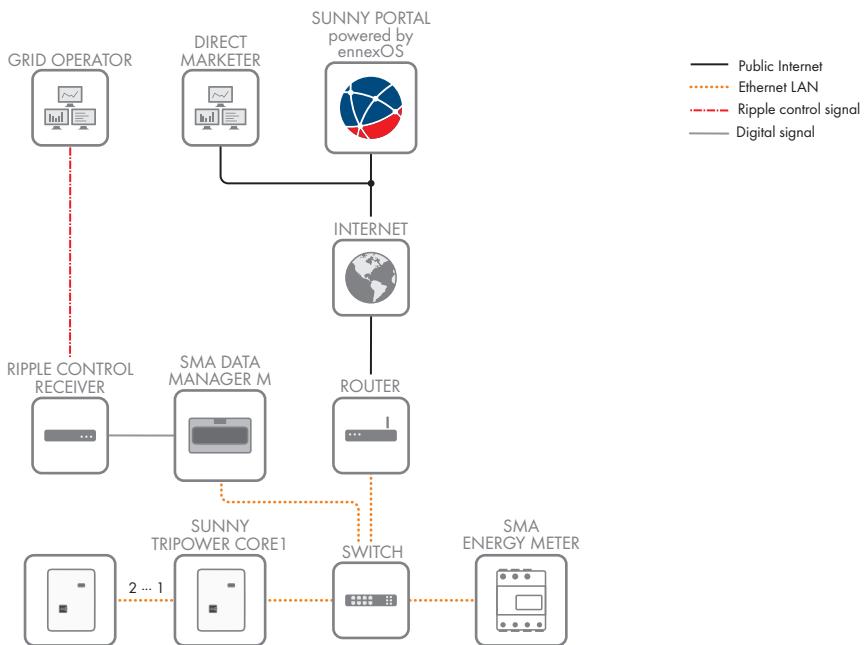


Figure 4: Design of system communication

5 Mounting

5.1 Requirements for Mounting

Requirements for the Mounting Location:

WARNING

Danger to life due to fire or explosion

Despite careful construction, electrical devices can cause fires. This can result in death or serious injury.

- Do not mount the product in areas containing highly flammable materials or gases.
- Do not mount the product in potentially explosive atmospheres.

- The mounting location must be inaccessible to children.
- The mounting location must be suitable for the weight and dimensions of the product (see Section 13 "Technical Data", page 106).
- The installation site can be exposed to direct solar irradiation. There is, however, the possibility that the product reduces its power output to avoid overheating due to high temperatures.
- The mounting location should be freely and safely accessible at all times without the need for any auxiliary equipment (such as scaffolding or lifting platforms). Non-fulfillment of these criteria may restrict servicing.
- The DC load-break switch of the product must always be freely accessible.
- All ambient conditions must be met (see Section 13, page 106).

Permitted and prohibited mounting positions:

- The product may only be mounted in a permitted position. This will ensure that no moisture can penetrate the product.
- The product should be mounted such that the LED signals can be read off without difficulty.

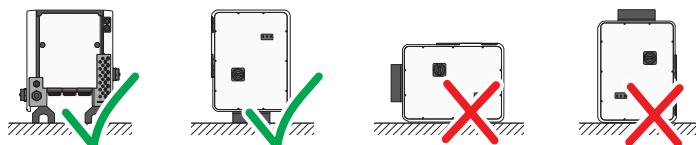


Figure 5: Permitted and prohibited mounting positions

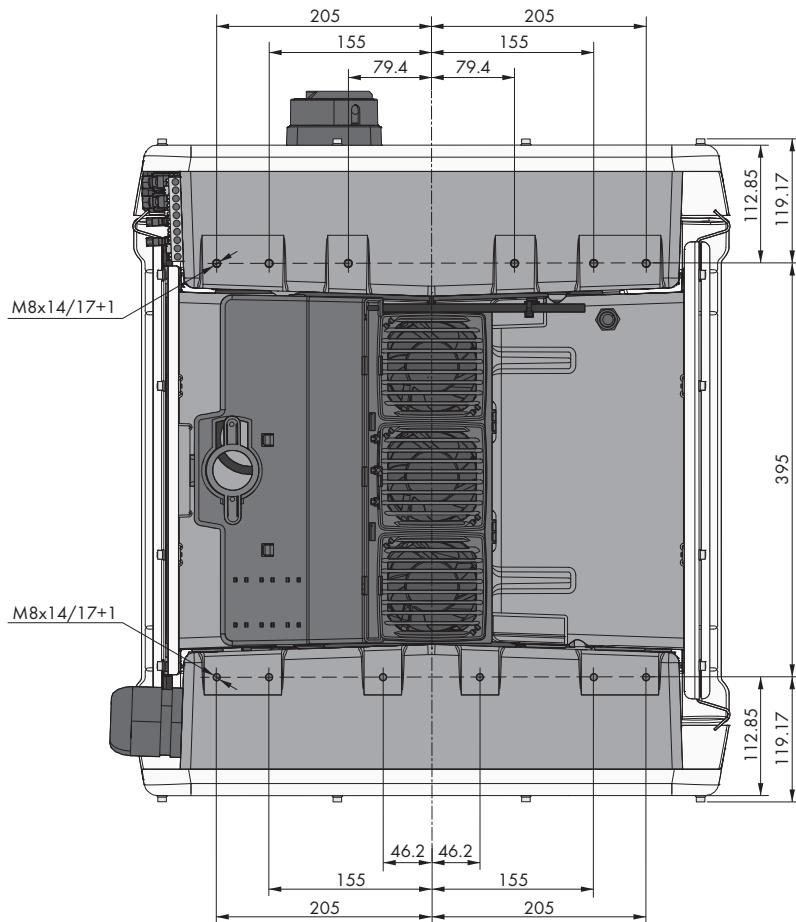
Dimensions for mounting:

Figure 6: Position of the anchoring points(Dimensions in mm)

Structural Stability:

- When mounting with feet or profile rails, the width of one foot or the profile rail must be at least 175 mm to ensure structural stability.
- The inverter must be attached under the following conditions:
 - Inclination of the support surface: $> 3^\circ$
 - Wind speed (without wind gusts): $> 25 \text{ m/s}$
 - Height of the feet or the profile rail: $> 100 \text{ mm}$
- When mounting with profile rails, an attachment or fixation by loading is required. When mounting with profile rails, SMA Solar Technology AG recommends to bolt the profile rails e.g. to the profile of the module frame or to attach a sheet metal (which can be weighted with stones or with sandbags) at the profile rails. This will ensure that the inverter is fixed.

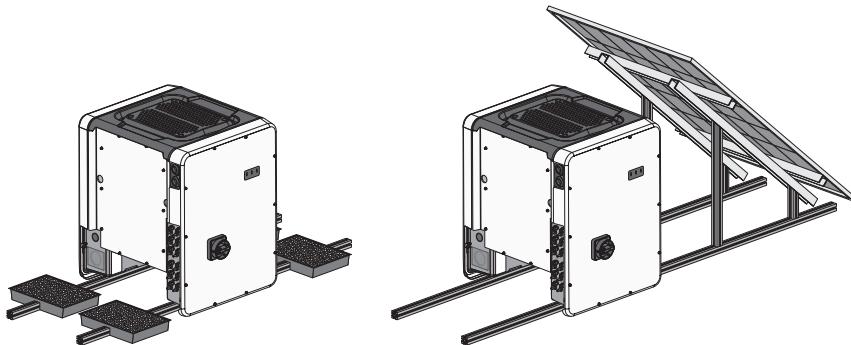


Figure 7: Attachment of the inverters (examples)

Recommended clearances:

If you maintain the recommended clearances, adequate heat dissipation will be ensured. Thus, you will prevent power reduction due to excessive temperature.

- Maintain the recommended clearances to roof edges, skylights, walls as well as to other inverters or objects. This ensures that the DC load-break switch on the inverter can be operated easily and the LED signals can be read without difficulty.
- For possible service deployments, SMA Solar Technology AG recommends ensuring sufficient clearance from walls, other inverters or objects on all four sides of the inverter enclosure. Non-fulfillment of these criteria may restrict servicing.
- If multiple inverters are mounted in areas with high ambient temperatures, increase the clearances between the inverters and ensure sufficient fresh-air supply.

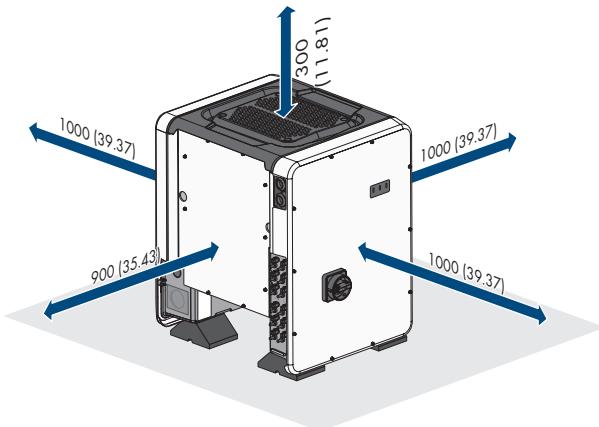


Figure 8: Recommended clearances(Dimensions in mm)

5.2 Mounting the Inverter

⚠️ QUALIFIED PERSON

⚠️ CAUTION

Risk of injury due to the weight of the inverter

Injuries may result if the inverter is lifted incorrectly or dropped while being transported or when mounting it to the wall mounting bracket.

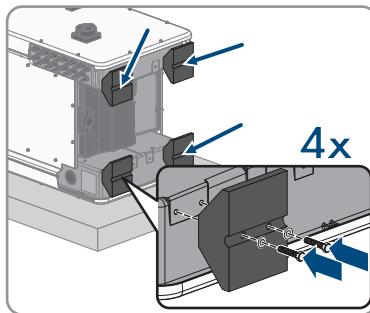
- Carry and lift the inverter upright with the help of several people. In doing so, keep in mind the weight of the inverter and take hold of the carrying handles on the inverter. Always take hold of the two carrying handles mounted both on each side.
- Transport the product using the carrying handles or hoist. Take the weight of the product into account.
- Do not use the carrying handles as attachment points for hoist equipment (e.g. straps, ropes, chains). Insert eye bolts into threads provided on top of the product to attach the hoist system.
- Use all carrying handles provided during transport with carrying handles.
- Take into account the center of gravity of the inverter. The center of gravity is on the side of the AC-Connection Unit.

Additionally required material (not included in the scope of delivery):

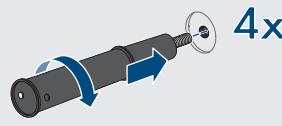
- For transport with a hoist: 4 eye bolts (M8)

Procedure:

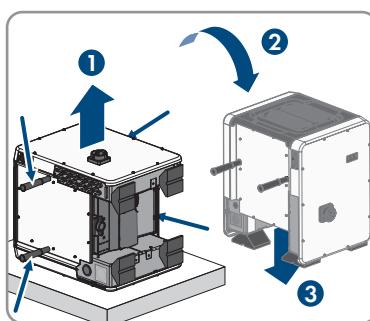
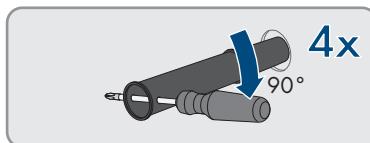
1. Attach each foot with two M8x40 hexagon head screws and two washers on the two external taps (M8x14) on the underside of the inverter (torque: 16 Nm). Press the packaging on the bottom side down or cut it open. The screw holes on the bottom of the inverter must be exposed.



2. Screw the transport handles as far as they will go into the taps on the right- and left-hand side until they lie flush with the enclosure. When doing so, ensure that the transport handles are screwed into the taps so that they are perfectly straight. If the transport handles are not screwed in straight, this can make it more difficult or even impossible to unscrew them later on and can damage the taps to the extent that transport handles can no longer be screwed into them.
3. Insert a screwdriver into the holes in the transport handle and turn the screwdriver through 90°. This ensures that the transport handles are securely tightened.

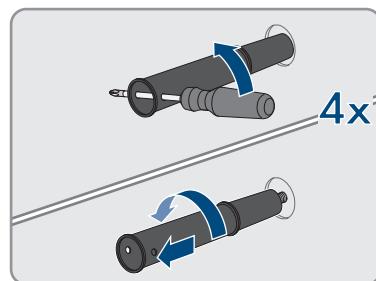


4. Remove the inverter from the Euro pallet and position the inverter at the installation location.



5. If the inverter is positioned by means of a hoist at the mounting location, screw the eye bolts into the threads on the top of the inverter and attach the hoist to them. The hoist must be suitable to take the weight of the inverter.
6. Make sure that the inverter is stable.

7. Remove all four transport handles from the threaded holes. If necessary, insert a screwdriver into the holes on the transport handle and use the screwdriver to remove the transport handle.



6 Electrical Connection

6.1 Overview of the Connection Area

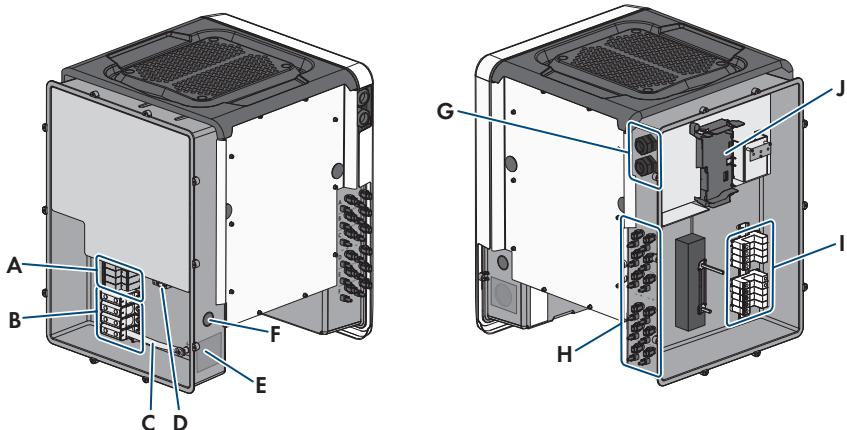


Figure 9: Connection areas of the inverters' AC Connection Unit and DC Connection Unit

Position	Designation
A	Slots for AC surge protection devices
B	Terminal blocks for AC connection
C	Bridge between N and enclosure
D	Grounding terminal for grounding conductor connection
E	Enclosure opening for cable gland M63
F	Enclosure opening for additional cable
G	Cable glands for network cables and, if needed, for the connection cables of the Antenna Extension Kit or other data cables
H	Positive and negative connectors for DC connection
I	Slots for DC surge protection devices
J	Communication assembly

6.2 AC Connection

6.2.1 Requirements for the AC Connection

AC cable requirements as follows:

- Conductor type: aluminum and copper wire
- External diameter: 35 mm to 48 mm
- Conductor cross-section of grounding conductor: 25 mm² to 120 mm²
- Conductor cross-section of line conductor and neutral conductor: 35 mm² to 120 mm²
- Insulation stripping length: 30 mm
- Sheath stripping length: 290 mm
- The cable must be dimensioned in accordance with the local and national directives for the dimensioning of cables. The requirements for the minimum wire size derive from these directives. Examples of factors influencing cable dimensioning are: nominal AC current, type of cable, routing method, cable bundling, ambient temperature and maximum desired line losses (for calculation of line losses, see the design software "Sunny Design" from software version 2.0 at www.SMA-Solar.com).

Overview of the required length of the conductor inside the AC connection unit

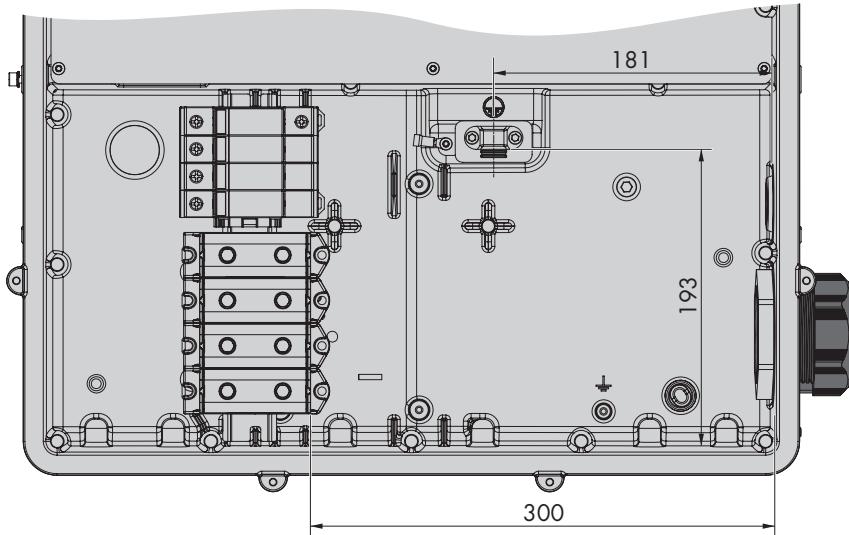


Figure 10: Interior view of the AC connection unit with dimensions for the conductors (Dimensions in mm)

Residual-current monitoring unit:

The inverter does not require an external residual-current device when operating. If local regulations require the use of a residual-current device, the following must be observed:

- The inverter is compatible with type B residual-current devices that have a rated residual current of 300 mA or higher (information about the selection of a residual-current device see technical information "Criteria for Selecting a Residual-Current Device" at www.SMA-Solar.com). Each inverter in the system must be connected to the utility grid via a separate residual-current device.
- When using residual-current devices with a rated residual current < 500 mA, the rated residual current must be set in the inverter (see Section 8.20, page 75). In this way the inverter reduces the operational leakage currents and prevents a false triggering of the residual-current device.

Overvoltage category:

The inverter can be used in grids of overvoltage category III or lower in accordance with IEC 60664-1. That means that the inverter can be permanently connected to the grid-connection point of a building. In case of installations with long outdoor cabling routes, additional measures to reduce overvoltage category IV to overvoltage category III are required (see the Technical Information "Overvoltage Protection" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

6.2.2 Connecting the Inverter to the Utility Grid

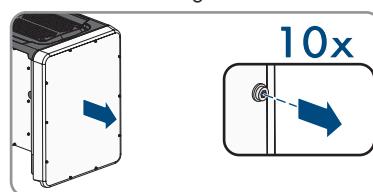
QUALIFIED PERSON

Requirements:

- The connection requirements of the grid operator must be met.
- The grid voltage must be within the permissible range. The exact operating range of the inverter is specified in the operating parameters.

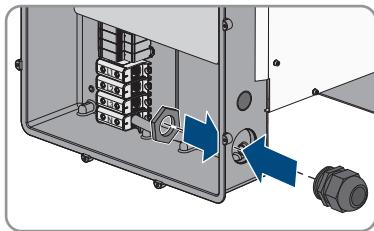
Procedure:

1. Disconnect the circuit breaker from all three line conductors and secure against reconnection.
2. Ensure that the DC load-break switch is in the **O** position and is secured against reconnection.
3. If the enclosure lid of the AC Connection Unit is mounted, remove all ten screws of the enclosure lid using a Torx screwdriver (TX25) and remove the enclosure lid towards the front.



4. Remove the adhesive tape from the enclosure opening for the AC connection.

5. Insert the cable gland M63 into the opening and tighten it with the counter nut from the inside.

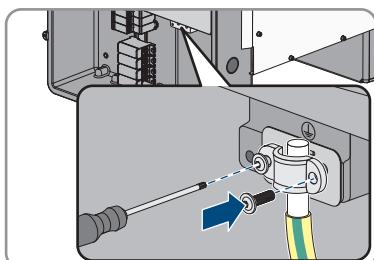


6. Thread the AC cable through the cable gland into the AC Connection Unit. If necessary, slightly loosen the swivel nut of the cable gland.

7. Dismantle the AC cable.

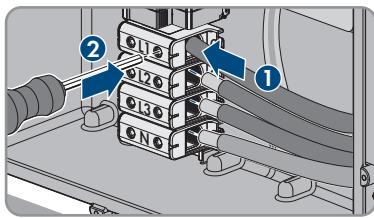
8. Strip off the insulation of L1, L2, L3, N and PE by 30 mm.

9. Connect the grounding conductor to the ground terminal. Use a Torx screwdriver (TX 25) to slightly loosen one of the screws with which the clip and connection plate are connected to the ground connection and to completely remove the other screw. Then place the grounding conductor onto the connection plate, route the clip via the grounding conductor and tighten both screws with a Torx screwdriver (TX 25) (torque: 6 Nm).



10. Ensure that the conductor is on the connection plate.

11. Connect L1, L2, L3 and, if necessary, N to the terminals according to the label. To do so, position each conductor as far as they will go into the corresponding terminal and tighten the screw of the terminal using an Allen key (AF 8, length: 50 mm) (20 Nm torque for a conductor cross-section of 35 mm² to 95 mm²; 30 Nm torque for a cable cross-section of 120 mm²).



12.

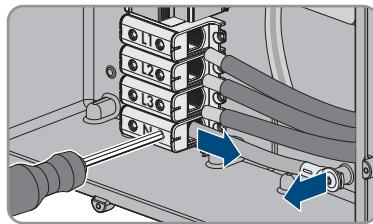
WARNING

Danger to life due to electric shock

The inverter is delivered with a bridge between N and the enclosure as standard. The bridge is absolutely essential if the connection to a utility grid is established without a neutral conductor.

- If the connection to a utility grid is established with a neutral conductor, the bridge must always be removed as described in the next step.

13. When N is present and connected to the corresponding terminal, remove the bridge installed as standard between N and the enclosure (\pm). To do so, unscrew the screw of the terminal **N** and the screw of the grounding point (\pm) using an Allen key (AF 8, length: 50 mm) and remove the bridge from the inverter.



14. Ensure that the correct conductors are assigned to all the terminals.
15. Make sure that all conductors are securely in place.

6.3 Connecting the Network Cables

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

⚠ DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock in case of overvoltages and if surge protection is missing

Overvoltages (e. g. in the event of a flash of lightning) can be further conducted into the building and to other connected devices in the same network via the network cables or other data cables if there is no surge protection. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Ensure that all devices in the same network are integrated in the existing overvoltage protection.
- When laying the network cable outdoors, ensure that there is suitable surge protection at the network cable transition from the product outdoors to the network inside the building.
- The Ethernet interface of the inverter is classified as "TNV-1" and offers protection against overvoltages of up to 1.5 kV.

Additionally required material (not included in the scope of delivery):

- Network cables
- Where required: Field-assembly RJ45 connector.

Network cable requirements:

The cable length and quality affect the quality of the signal. Observe the following cable requirements.

- Cable type: 100BaseTx
- Cable category: minimum CAT5e
- Plug type: RJ45 of Cat5, Cat5e or higher
- Shielding: SF/UTP, S/UTP, SF/FTP or S/FTP
- Number of insulated conductor pairs and insulated conductor cross-section: at least 2 x 2 x 0.22 mm²
- Maximum cable length between two nodes when using patch cables: 50 m (164 ft)
- Maximum cable length between two nodes when using installation cables: 100 m (328 ft)
- UV-resistant for outdoor use.

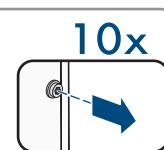
Procedure:

1.

DANGER**Danger to life due to electric shock**

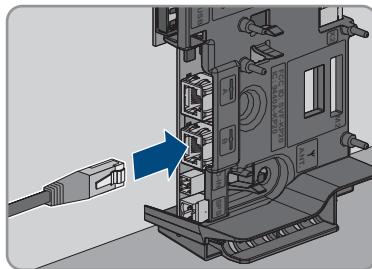
- Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 79).

2. If the enclosure lid of the DC-Connection Unit is closed, remove it as follows: Unscrew all ten screws with a Torx screwdriver (TX25) and remove the enclosure lid carefully forward.



3. Set the screws and the enclosure lid aside and store safely.
4. Remove the swivel nut from the cable gland for the communication cable.
5. Thread the swivel nut over the network cable.
6. Remove the two-hole cable support sleeve from the cable gland.
7. Remove the sealing plug from one of the enclosure openings of the two-hole cable support sleeve and insert the network cable into the enclosure opening.
8. Press the two-hole cable support sleeve with the cable into the cable gland and guide the network cable to the communication assembly in the DC Connection Unit. Ensure that any unused enclosure openings of the two-hole cable support sleeve are sealed with sealing plugs.
9. When using a self-assembly network cable, assemble the RJ45 connectors and connect them to the network cable (see connector documentation).

10. Put the RJ45 plug of the cable into one of the network sockets of the communication assembly.



11. Ensure that the RJ45 plug is securely in place by pulling slightly on the cable.

12. Tighten the swivel nut on the cable gland hand-tight. This will secure the network cable in place.

13. If the inverter is installed outdoors, install overvoltage protection for all components in the network.

14. If you would like to integrate the inverter into a local network, connect the other end of the network cable to the local network (e.g. via a router).

6.4 Connecting the Multifunction Relay

6.4.1 Procedure for connecting the multifunction relay

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

Procedure	See
1. Select for which operating mode you would like to use the multifunction relay.	Section 6.4.2, page 38
2. Connect to the multifunction relay according to the operating mode and the associated connection variant.	Section 6.4.3, page 39 and Section 6.4.4, page 42
3. After commissioning the inverter, change the operating mode of the multifunction relay, if necessary.	Section 8.16, page 72

6.4.2 Operating Modes of the Multifunction Relay

Operating mode of multi- function relay (Mlt.Op-Mode)

Fault indication (FltInd)	The multifunction relay controls a display device (e.g. a warning light) which, depending on the type of connection, signals either an error or the undisturbed operation of the inverter.
Self-consumption (SelfC-smp)	The multifunction relay switches loads on or off, depending on the power production of the PV system.

Operating mode of multi- function relay (Mlt.Op-Mode)

	Description
Control via communication (ComCtl)	The multifunction relay switches loads on or off according to commands transmitted by a communication product.
Battery bank (BatCha)	The multifunction relay controls the charging of the batteries depending on the power production of the PV system.
Fan control (FanCtl)	The multifunction relay controls an external fan, depending on the temperature of the inverter.
Switching status grid relay (GriSwCpy)	The local grid operator may require that a signal is transmitted as soon as the inverter connects to the utility grid. The multifunction relay can be used to trigger this signal.

6.4.3 Connection Options

The connection procedures vary, depending on the operating mode.

Operating mode	Connection option
Fault indication (FltInd)	Using the Multifunction Relay as a Fault Indicator Contact
Self-consumption (SelfC-smp)	Controlling loads via the multifunction relay or charging batteries depending on the power production of the PV system
Control via communication (ComCtl)	Controlling loads via the multifunction relay or charging batteries depending on the power production of the PV system
Battery bank (BatCha)	Controlling loads via the multifunction relay or charging batteries depending on the power production of the PV system
Fan control (FanCtl)	Connecting the external fan (see fan documentation)
Switching status grid relay (GriSwCpy)	Reporting the switching status of the grid relay

Using the Multifunction Relay as a Fault Indicator Contact

You can use the multifunction relay as a fault indicator contact and have an error or smooth operation of the inverter displayed or signaled via a suitable display device. You can connect multiple inverters to one fault indicator or operation indicator, as needed.

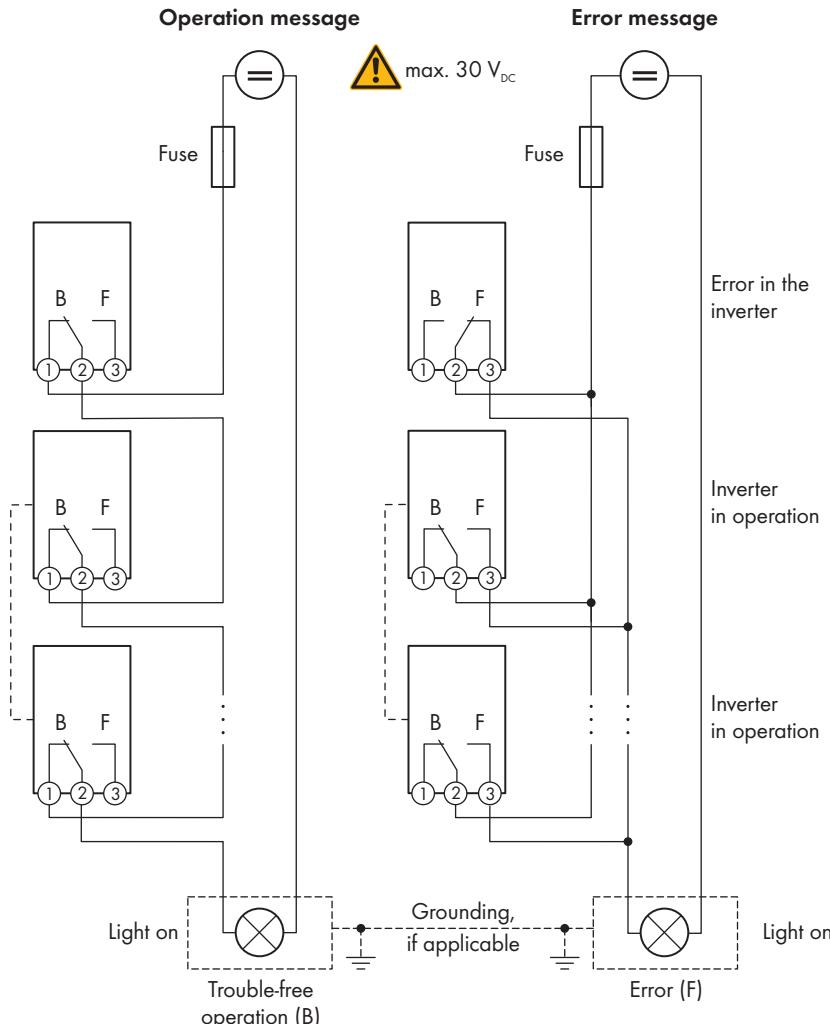


Figure 11: Circuit diagram with multiple inverters for connection to an operation indicator and circuit diagram for connection to a fault indicator (example)

Controlling loads via the multifunction relay or charging batteries depending on the power production of the PV system

The multifunction relay can control loads or charge batteries power-dependently. To enable this function, you must connect a contactor (K1) to the multifunction relay. The contactor (K1) switches the operating current for the load on or off. If you want batteries to be charged depending on the available power, the contactor activates or deactivates the charging of the batteries.

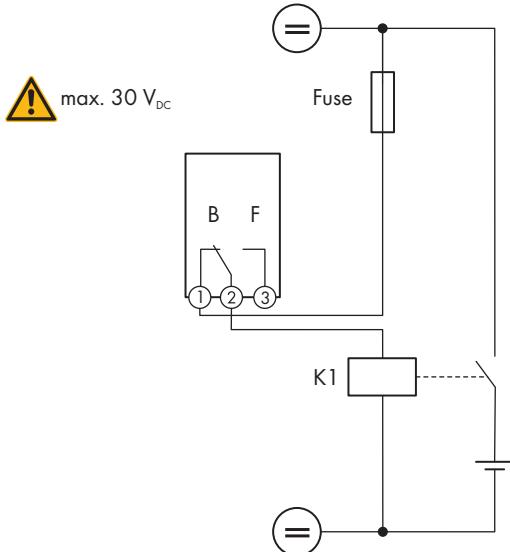


Figure 12: Wiring diagram for connection for controlling a load or for the power-dependent charging of the batteries

Reporting the switching status of the grid relay

The multifunction relay can trip a signal to the grid operator as soon as the inverter connects to the utility grid. To enable this function, the multifunction relays of all inverters must be connected in parallel.

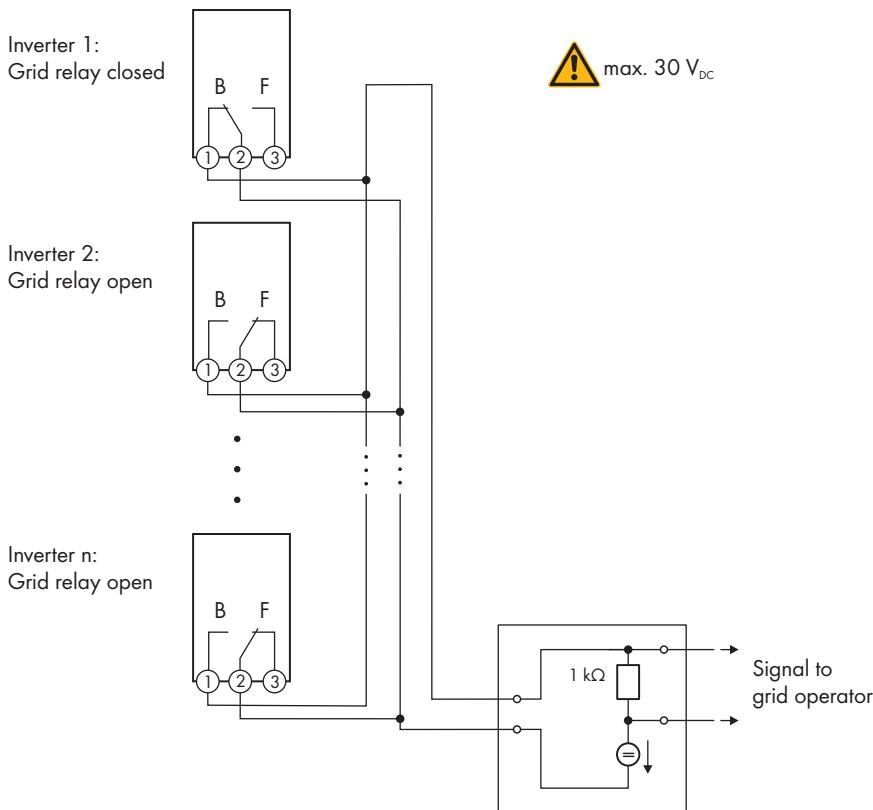


Figure 13: Wiring diagram for signaling the switching status of the grid relay (example)

6.4.4 Connection to the Multifunction Relay

⚠️ QUALIFIED PERSON

Requirement:

- The technical requirements of the multifunction relay must be met (see Section 13 "Technical Data", page 106).

Cable requirements:

- Conductor cross-section: 0.2 mm² to 1.5 mm²
- The cable type and cable-laying method must be appropriate for the application and location.

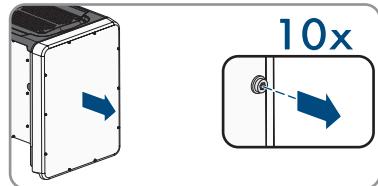
Procedure:

1.

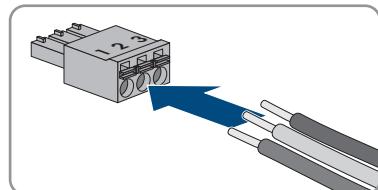
DANGER**Danger to life due to high voltages**

- Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 79).

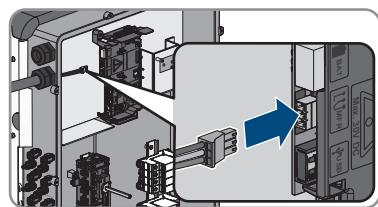
2. If the enclosure lid of the DC-Connection Unit is closed, remove it as follows: Unscrew all ten screws with a Torx screwdriver (TX25) and remove the enclosure lid carefully forward.



3. Set the screws and the enclosure lid aside and store safely.
4. Remove the swivel nut from the cable gland for the communication cable.
5. Remove the two-hole cable support sleeve from the cable gland and insert the cable into the enclosure opening of the two-hole cable support sleeve.
6. Press the two-hole cable support sleeve with the cable into the cable gland and guide the cable to the communication assembly in the DC Connection Unit. Ensure that any unused enclosure openings of the two-hole cable support sleeve are sealed with sealing plugs.
7. Strip 9 mm of the cable insulation at maximum.
8. Connect the cable to the 3-pole terminal block according to the circuit diagram, depending on the operating mode (see Section 6.4.3, page 39). Ensure that the conductors are plugged completely into the terminal points up to their insulation.



9. Stick the 3-pole terminal block with the connected conductors into the **MFR** slot on the communication assembly in the inverter.



10. Ensure that the terminal block is securely in place.
11. Ensure that all conductors are correctly connected.
12. Ensure that the conductors sit securely in the terminal points. Tip: To release the conductors, open the terminal points using a suitable tool.
13. Tighten the swivel nut on the cable gland hand-tight.

6.5 DC Connection

6.5.1 Requirements for the DC Connection

Requirements for the PV modules per input:

- All PV modules should be of the same type.
- All PV modules should be aligned and tilted identically.
- On the coldest day based on statistical records, the open-circuit voltage of the PV array must never exceed the maximum input voltage of the inverter.
- The same number of series-connected PV modules must be connected to each string.
- The maximum input current per string must be maintained and must not exceed the through-fault current of the DC connectors (see Section 13 "Technical Data", page 106).
- The thresholds for the input voltage and the input current of the inverter must be adhered to (see Section 13 "Technical Data", page 106).
- The positive connection cables of the PV modules must be equipped with positive DC connectors (see Section 6.5.2, page 44).
- The negative connection cables of the PV modules must be equipped with the negative DC connectors (see Section 6.5.2, page 44).

Use of Y adapters for parallel connection of strings

The Y adapters must not be used to interrupt the DC circuit.

- Do not use the Y adapters in the immediate vicinity of the inverter. The adapters must not be visible or freely accessible.
- In order to interrupt the DC circuit, always disconnect the inverter as described in this document (see Section 9, page 79).

6.5.2 Assembling the DC Connectors

QUALIFIED PERSON

DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when live components or DC cables are touched

When exposed to light, the PV modules generate high DC voltage which is present in the DC cables. Touching live DC cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Do not touch non-insulated parts or cables.
- Disconnect the product from voltage sources and make sure it cannot be reconnected before working on the device.
- Do not disconnect the DC connectors under load.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment for all work on the product.

NOTICE

Destruction of the inverter due to overvoltage

If the open-circuit voltage of the PV modules exceeds the maximum input voltage of the inverter, the inverter can be destroyed due to overvoltage.

- If the open-circuit voltage of the PV modules exceeds the maximum input voltage of the inverter, do not connect any strings to the inverter and check the design of the PV system.

For connection to the inverter, all PV module connection cables must be fitted with the DC connectors provided. Assemble the DC connectors as described in the following. The procedure is identical for both connectors (+ and -). The graphics for the procedure are shown for only the positive connector as an example. Pay attention to the correct polarity when assembling the DC connectors. The DC connectors are marked with the symbols "+" and "-".

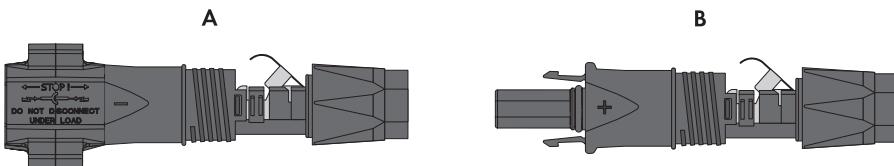


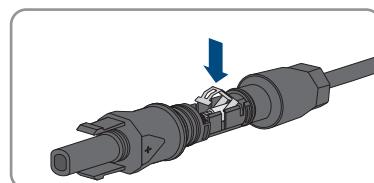
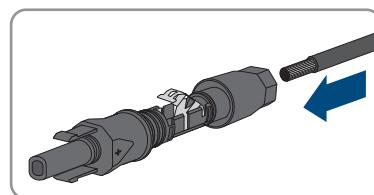
Figure 14: Negative (A) and positive (B) DC connectors

Cable requirements:

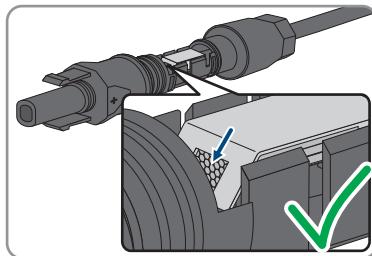
- Cable type: PV1-F, ULZKLA, USE2
- External diameter: 5 mm to 8 mm
- Conductor cross-section: 2.5 mm² to 6 mm²
- Qty single wires: minimum 7
- Nominal voltage: minimum 1000 V
- Using bootlace ferrules is not allowed.

Procedure:

1. Strip 12 mm of the cable insulation.
2. Insert the stripped cable into the DC connector up to the stop. When doing so, ensure that the stripped cable and the DC connector are of the same polarity.
3. Press the clamping bracket down until it audibly snaps into place.

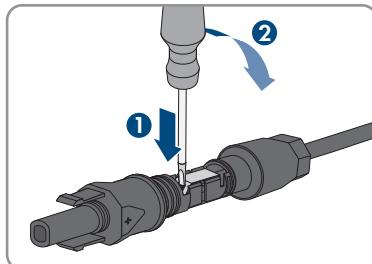


- The stranded wire can be seen inside the clamping bracket chamber.

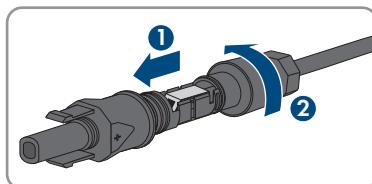


4. If the stranded wire is not visible in the chamber, the cable is not correctly inserted and the connector must be reassembled. To do this, the cable must be removed from the connector.

- Release the clamping bracket. To do so, insert a screwdriver (blade width: 3.5 mm) into the clamping bracket and pry the clamping bracket open.



- Remove the cable and go back to step 2.



5. Push the swivel nut up to the thread and tighten (torque: 2 Nm).

6.5.3 Connecting the PV Array

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

⚠ WARNING

Danger to life due to electric shock from destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage

Overvoltage can damage a measuring device and result in voltage being present in the enclosure of the measuring device. Touching the live enclosure of the measuring device results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Only use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 1000 V or higher.

NOTICE

Damage to the inverter due to ground fault on DC side during operation

Due to the transformerless topology of the product, the occurrence of ground faults on DC side during operation can lead to irreparable damage. Damages to the product due to a faulty or damaged DC installation are not covered by warranty. The product is equipped with a protective device that checks whether a ground fault is present during the starting sequence. The product is not protected during operation.

- Ensure that the DC installation is carried out correctly and no ground fault occurs during operation.

NOTICE

Damage to the DC connectors due to the use of contact cleaner or other cleaning agents

Some contact cleaners or other cleaning agents may contain substances that decompose the plastic of the DC connectors.

- Do not use contact cleaners or other cleaning agents for cleaning the DC connectors.

NOTICE

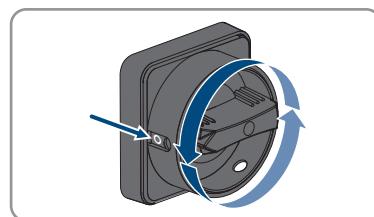
Destruction of the inverter due to overvoltage

If the open-circuit voltage of the PV modules exceeds the maximum input voltage of the inverter, the inverter can be destroyed due to overvoltage.

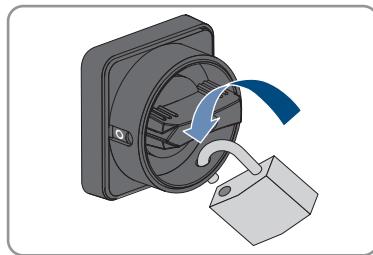
- If the open-circuit voltage of the PV modules exceeds the maximum input voltage of the inverter, do not connect any strings to the inverter and check the design of the PV system.

Procedure:

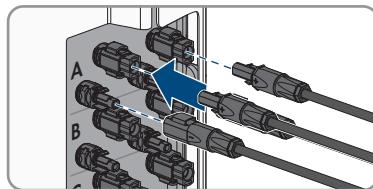
1. Ensure that the circuit breaker is switched off and that it cannot be reconnected.
2. Set the DC load-break switch of the inverter to position **O**.



3. Secure the DC load-break switch against reconnection using a padlock.



4. Measure the PV array voltage. Ensure that the maximum input voltage of the inverter is adhered to and that there is no ground fault in the PV array.
5. Check whether the DC connectors have the correct polarity. If the DC connector is equipped with a DC cable of the wrong polarity, the DC connector must be reassembled. The DC cable must always have the same polarity as the DC connector.
6. Ensure that the open-circuit voltage of the PV array does not exceed the maximum input voltage.
7. Connect the assembled DC connectors to the inverter.



The DC connectors snap into place.

8. Ensure that all DC connectors are securely in place.

9.

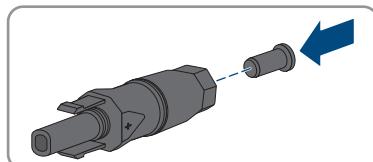
NOTICE

Damage to the product due to sand, dust and moisture ingress if the DC inputs are not closed

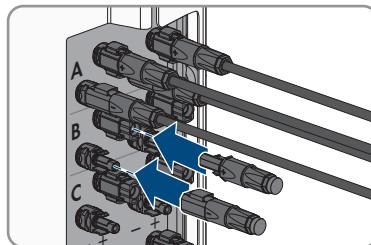
The product is only properly sealed when all unused DC inputs are closed with DC connectors and sealing plugs. Sand, dust and moisture penetration can damage the product and impair its functionality.

- Seal all unused DC inputs using the DC connectors and sealing plugs as described in the following. When doing so, do not plug the sealing plugs directly into the DC inputs on the inverter.

10. For unused DC connectors, push down the clamping bracket and push the swivel nut up to the thread.
11. Insert the sealing plug into the DC connector.



12. Insert the DC connectors with sealing plugs into the corresponding DC inputs on the inverter.



The DC connectors snap into place.

13. Ensure that the DC connectors with sealing plugs are securely in place.

6.5.4 Disassembling the DC Connectors

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

To disassemble the DC connectors (e.g. due to faulty assembly), proceed as follows.

⚠ DANGER

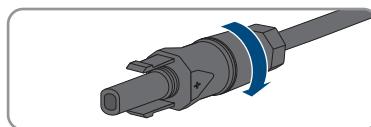
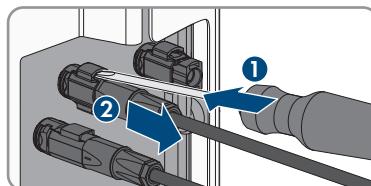
Danger to life due to electric shock when touching exposed DC conductors or DC plug contacts if the DC connectors are damaged or loose

The DC connectors can break or become damaged, become free of the DC cables, or no longer be connected correctly if the DC connectors are released and disconnected incorrectly. This can result in the DC conductors or DC plug contacts being exposed. Touching live DC conductors or DC plug connectors will result in death or serious injury due to electric shock.

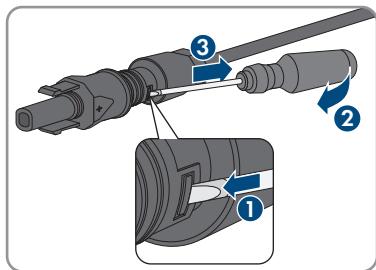
- Wear insulated gloves and use insulated tools when working on the DC connectors.
- Ensure that the DC connectors are in perfect condition and that none of the DC conductors or DC plug contacts are exposed.
- Carefully release and remove the DC connectors as described in the following.

Procedure:

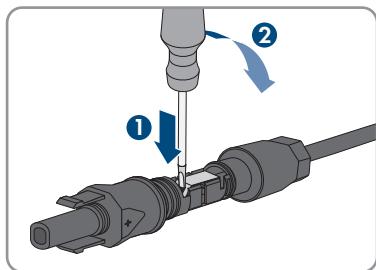
1. Release and remove the DC connectors. To do so, insert a flat-blade screwdriver or an angled screwdriver (blade width: 3.5 mm) into one of the side slots and pull the DC connectors out. When doing so, do not lever the DC connectors out, but insert the tool into one of the side slots only to release the locking mechanism, and do not pull on the cable.
2. Remove the DC connector swivel nut.



3. Unlock the DC connector. To do this, insert a flat-blade screwdriver (blade width: 3.5 mm) into the side catch mechanism and pry the catch mechanism open.



4. Carefully pull the DC connector apart.
5. Release the clamping bracket. To do so, insert a flat-blade screwdriver (blade width: 3.5 mm) into the clamping bracket and pry the clamping bracket open.



6. Remove the cable.

7 Commissioning

7.1 Commissioning Procedure

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Commissioning a product in SMA Energy Systems

If the product is used in an SMA Energy System, the commissioning must be performed according to the manual of the SMA Energy System. The procedure and the sequence may differ from the steps described in this section.

- Commissioning an SMA Energy System (see system manual of the SMA Energy System).

Commissioning an inverter that is captured in a communication device

When the inverter is captured in a communication device, the communication device (e.g. SMA Data Manager) is the unit for configuring the total system. The configuration is transferred to all inverters in the system. The system password assigned via the communication device is also the password for the user interface of the inverter.

- Commission the inverter (see Section 7.2, page 52).
- The initial configuration of the inverter is made via the communication device. The configuration is transferred to the inverter and the settings of the inverter are overwritten.
- Deactivate the Webconnect function of the inverter via the Sunny Portal. This prevents unnecessary connection attempts of the inverter with Sunny Portal.

This section describes the commissioning procedure and gives an overview of the steps you must perform in the prescribed order.

Procedure	See
1. Commission the inverter.	Section 7.2, page 52
2. Establish a connection to the user interface of the inverter. There are various connection options to choose from for this: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Direct connection via WLAN• Connection via WLAN in the local network• Connection via Ethernet in the local network	Section 8.2, page 56
3. Log into the user interface.	Section 8.3, page 60
4. Select the inverter configuration option. Please note that the SMA Grid Guard code for changing the grid-relevant parameters must be available after completion of the first ten feed-in hours or installation assistant (see "Application for the SMA Grid Guard code" available at www.SMA-Solar.com).	Section 7.3, page 53
5. Ensure that the country data set has been configured correctly.	Section 8.13, page 70

Procedure	See
6. For PV systems in Italy or Dubai: Start the self-test.	Section 7.4, page 55
7. Make further inverter settings as needed.	Section 8, page 56

7.2 Commissioning the Inverter

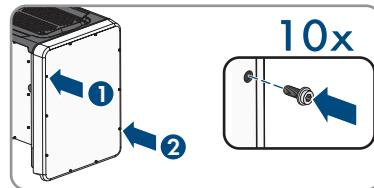
⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

Requirements:

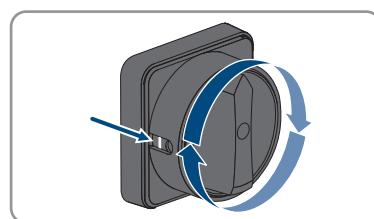
- The AC circuit breaker must be correctly rated and mounted.
- The inverter must be correctly mounted.
- All cables must be correctly connected.
- Unused enclosure openings must be sealed tightly with sealing plugs.

Procedure:

1. Position the enclosure lid of the AC-Connection Unit on the AC-Connection Unit and first tighten the upper-left and lower-right screws, and then the remaining screws crosswise (TX 25, torque: 6 Nm).



2. Position the enclosure lid of the DC-Connection Unit on the DC-Connection Unit and first tighten the upper-left and lower-right screws, and then the remaining screws crosswise (TX 25, torque: 6 Nm).
3. Turn the DC load-break switch of the inverter to position I. To do so, first remove the padlock.



4. Switch on the AC circuit breaker.
 - All three LEDs light up. The start-up phase begins.
 - All three LEDs go out again after approximately 90 seconds.
 - Depending on the available power, the green LED pulses or is continuously illuminated. The inverter is feeding in.
5. If the green LED is still flashing, the conditions for activating feed-in operation are not yet met. As soon as the conditions for feed-in operation are met, the inverter starts with feed-in operation and, depending on the available power, the green LED will light up continuously or it will pulse.
6. If the red LED lights up, an event has occurred. Find out which event has occurred and, if necessary, initiate countermeasures.

7.3 Selecting a configuration option

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After you have logged onto the user interface as **Installer**, the **Configuring the Inverter** page opens.

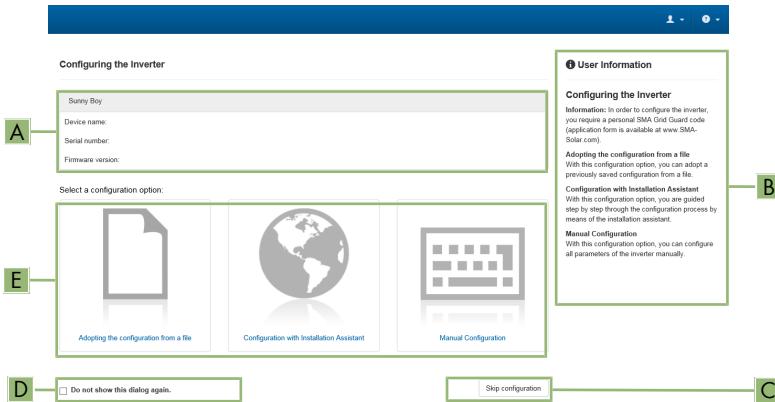


Figure 15: Layout of the **Configuring the Inverter** page

Position	Designation	Description
A	Device information	Provides the following information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device name • Inverter serial number • Inverter firmware version
B	User information	Provides brief information on the listed configuration options
C	Skip configuration	Offers the option of skipping the inverter configuration and go directly to the user interface (not recommended)
D	Checkbox	Allows you to choose not to have the displayed page displayed again when the user interface is called up again
E	Configuration options	Provides a selection of the various configuration options

Configuration options:

On the **Configuring the Inverter** page, different configuration options are available to choose from. Select one of the options and proceed for the selected option as described below. SMA Solar Technology AG recommends carrying out the configuration with the installation assistant. This way, you ensure that all relevant parameters are set for optimal inverter operation.

- Adoption of configuration from a file
- Configuration with the installation assistant (recommended)
- Manual configuration

Accepting the settings

Saving the made settings is indicated by an hourglass symbol on the user interface. If the DC voltage is sufficient, the data is transferred directly to the inverter and accepted. If the DC voltage is too low (e. g. in the evening), the settings are saved, but they cannot be directly transferred to or accepted by the inverter. As long as the inverter has not yet received and accepted the settings, the hourglass symbol will continue to be displayed on the user interface. The settings will be accepted when there is sufficient DC voltage applied and the inverter restarts. As soon as the hourglass symbol appears on the user interface, the settings have been saved. The settings will not be lost. You can log off of the user interface and leave the system.

Adopting the Configuration from a File

You can adopt the inverter configuration from a file. To do this, there must be an inverter configuration saved to a file.

Procedure:

1. Select the configuration option **Adopting configuration from a file**.
2. Select **[Browse...]** and select the desired file.
3. Select **[Import file]**.

Configuring the Installation Assistant (Recommended)

1. Select the configuration option **Configuration with Installation Assistant**.
 The installation assistant will open.
2. Follow the installation assistant steps and make the settings appropriate for your system.
3. For every setting made in a step, select **[Save and next]**.
 In the last step, all made settings are listed in a summary.
4. To correct settings you made, select **[Back]**, navigate to the desired step, correct settings and select **[Save and continue]**.
5. Once all settings are correct, select **[Next]** in the summary.
6. To save the settings to a file, select **[Export a summary]** and save the file on your end device.
7. To export all parameters and their settings, select **[Export all parameters]**. This exports all parameters and their settings into an HTML file.
 The start page of the user interface opens.

Manual configuration

You can configure the inverter manually by setting the desired parameters.

Procedure:

1. Select the configuration option **Manual Configuration**.
 The **Device Parameters** menu on the user interface will open and all available parameter groups of the inverter will be displayed.
2. Select [**Edit parameters**].
3. Select the desired parameter group.
 All available parameters of the parameter group will be displayed.
4. Set the desired parameters.
5. Select [**Save all**].
 The inverter parameters are set.

7.4 Starting the Self-Test (for Italy and Dubai)

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The self-test is only required for inverters that are to be commissioned in Italy or Dubai. The Italian standard CEI 0-21 and the DEWA (Dubai Electricity and Water Authority) stipulate that all inverters that feed into the utility grid are equipped with a self-test function. During the self-test, the inverter will consecutively check the reaction times for overvoltage, undervoltage, maximum frequency and minimum frequency.

The self-test changes the upper and lower disconnection values for each protective function on a linear basis for frequency monitoring and voltage monitoring. As soon as the measured value exceeds the permitted disconnection threshold, the inverter disconnects from the utility grid. In this way, the inverter determines the reaction time and checks itself.

After the self-test has been completed, the inverter automatically switches back to feed-in operation, resets the original disconnection conditions and connects to the utility grid. The test takes approximately three minutes.

Requirements:

- The country data set of the inverter must be set to **CEI 0-21 internal** or **DEWA 2016 internal**.

Procedure:

1. Select the menu **Device Configuration**.
2. Select [**Settings**].
3. Select [**Starting the Self-Test**] in the subsequent context menu.
4. Follow the instructions appearing in the dialog and save the report of the self-test where necessary.

8 Operation

8.1 Activating and Operating the Display

You can activate and operate the display by tapping on the enclosure lid of the DC-Connection Unit.

Procedure:

1. Activate the display. Tap on the enclosure lid of the DC-Connection Unit once.
 The backlight is switched on.
2. To move to the next message, tap on the enclosure lid of the DC-Connection Unit once.

8.2 Establishing a connection to the user interface

8.2.1 Establishing a Direct Connection via Ethernet

Requirements:

- The product must be commissioned.
- An end device (e.g. computer) with an Ethernet interface must be available.
- The product must be connected directly to the end device.
- The respective latest version of one of the following web browsers must be installed: Chrome, Edge, Firefox, Internet Explorer or Safari.
- The SMA Grid Guard code of the Installer must be available for the changing of grid-relevant settings after completion of the first ten feed-in hours or installation assistant (see "Application for SMA Grid Guard Code" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

IP address of the inverter

- Standard inverter IP address for the direct connection via Ethernet: **169.254.12.3**

Procedure:

1. Open the web browser of your end device, enter the IP address **169.254.12.3** in the address bar and press the enter key.
2.  **Web browser signals a security vulnerability**
After the IP address has been entered, a message might appear indicating that the connection to the user interface of the product is not secure. SMA Solar Technology AG guarantees the security of the user interface.
 - Continue loading the user interface.

The login page of the user interface opens.

8.2.2 Establishing a direct connection via WLAN

Requirements:

- The product must be commissioned.
- An end device (e.g. computer, tablet PC or smartphone) must be available.
- The respective latest version of one of the following web browsers must be installed: Chrome, Edge, Firefox, Internet Explorer or Safari.
- JavaScript must be enabled in the web browser of the end device.
- The SMA Grid Guard code of the Installer must be available for the changing of grid-relevant settings after completion of the first ten feed-in hours or installation assistant (see "Application for SMA Grid Guard Code" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

i SSID, IP address and WLAN password

- SSID in WLAN: **SMA[serial number]** (e.g. SMA0123456789)
- Device-specific WLAN password: see WPA2-PSK on the type label of the product or the rear side of the manual included in delivery
- Standard access address for a direct connection via WLAN outside of a local network: <https://smalogin.net> or 192.168.12.3

i Importing and exporting files with end devices having an iOS operating system is not possible.

For technical reasons, importing and exporting files (e.g., importing an inverter configuration, saving the current inverter configuration or exporting events and parameters) is not possible with mobile end devices having an iOS operating system.

- Use an end device that does not have an iOS operating system for importing and exporting files.

You have several options to connect the product to an end device. The procedure can be different depending on the end devices. If the procedures described do not apply to your end device, establish the direct connection via WLAN as described in the manual of your end device.

The following connection options are available:

- Connection with WPS
- Connection with WLAN network search

Connection with WPS

Requirement:

- The end device must have a WPS function.

Procedure:

1. Enable the WPS function on the inverter. To do this, tap twice in succession on the enclosure lid of the DC-Connection Unit next to the LEDs.
 - The blue LED flashes quickly for approx. two minutes. The WPS function is active during this time.

2. Enable the WPS function on your end device.
 - The end device automatically connects to the inverter. The web browser of your end device opens and the login page of the user interface is displayed.
3. If the web browser of your end device does not open automatically and the login page of the user interface is not displayed, open the web browser and enter <https://smalogin.net> in the address bar.

Connection with WLAN network search

1. Search for WLAN networks with your end device.
2. Select the SSID of the inverter **SMA[serial number]** in the list with the found WLAN networks.
3. Enter the device-specific WLAN password (see WPA2-PSK on the type label of the product or the rear side of the manual included in delivery).
4. Open the web browser of your end device and enter <https://smalogin.net> in the address bar.
 - The login page of the user interface is displayed.
5. If the login page of the user interface does not open, enter the IP address **192.168.12.3** or, if your end device supports mDNS services, **SMA[serial number].local** or [https://SMA\[serial number\]](https://SMA[serial number]) in the address bar of the web browser.

8.2.3 Establishing a Connection via Ethernet in the local network

New IP address for connecting with a local network

If the product is connected to a local network (e.g. via a router), the product will receive a new IP address. Depending on the type of configuration, the new IP address will be assigned automatically by the DHCP server (router) or manually by you. Upon completion of the configuration, the product can only be reached via the following access addresses:

- Generally applicable access address: IP address manually assigned or assigned by the DHCP server (router) (identification via network scanner software or network configuration of the router).
- Access address for Apple and Linux systems: **SMA[serial number].local** (e.g. SMA0123456789.local)
- Access address for Windows and Android systems: [https://SMA\[serial number\]](https://SMA[serial number]) (e.g. https://SMA0123456789)

Requirements:

- The product must be connected to the local network via a network cable (e.g. via a router).
- The product must be integrated into the local network. Tip: There are various methods of integrating the product into the local network with the aid of the installation assistant.
- An end device (e.g. computer, tablet PC or smartphone) must be available.
- The end device must be in the same local network as the product.
- The respective latest version of one of the following web browsers must be installed: Chrome, Edge, Firefox, Internet Explorer or Safari.
- The SMA Grid Guard code of the Installer must be available for the changing of grid-relevant settings after completion of the first ten feed-in hours or installation assistant (see "Application for SMA Grid Guard Code" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

Procedure:

1. Open the web browser of your end device, enter the IP address of the inverter in the address bar of the web browser and press the enter key.
2.  **Web browser signals a security vulnerability**
After the IP address has been confirmed by pressing the enter key, a message might appear indicating that the connection to the user interface of the inverter is not secure. SMA Solar Technology AG guarantees that calling up the user interface is secure.
 - Continue loading the user interface.

The login page of the user interface opens.

8.2.4 Establishing a Connection via WLAN in the Local Network

 **New IP address for connecting with a local network**

If the product is connected to a local network (e.g. via a router), the product will receive a new IP address. Depending on the type of configuration, the new IP address will be assigned automatically by the DHCP server (router) or manually by you. Upon completion of the configuration, the product can only be reached via the following access addresses:

- Generally applicable access address: IP address manually assigned or assigned by the DHCP server (router) (identification via network scanner software or network configuration of the router).
- Access address for Apple and Linux systems: **SMA[serial number].local** (e.g. SMA0123456789.local)
- Access address for Windows and Android systems: **https://SMA[serial number]** (e.g. https://SMA0123456789)

Requirements:

- The product must be commissioned.
- The product must be integrated into the local network. Tip: There are various methods of integrating the product into the local network with the aid of the installation assistant.
- An end device (e.g. computer, tablet PC or smartphone) must be available.
- The end device must be in the same local network as the product.
- The respective latest version of one of the following web browsers must be installed: Chrome, Edge, Firefox, Internet Explorer or Safari.
- The SMA Grid Guard code of the Installer must be available for the changing of grid-relevant settings after completion of the first ten feed-in hours or installation assistant (see "Application for SMA Grid Guard Code" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

i Importing and exporting files with end devices having an iOS operating system is not possible.

For technical reasons, importing and exporting files (e.g., importing an inverter configuration, saving the current inverter configuration or exporting events and parameters) is not possible with mobile end devices having an iOS operating system.

- Use an end device that does not have an iOS operating system for importing and exporting files.

Procedure:

- Enter the IP address of the inverter in the address bar of the web browser.
- The login page of the user interface opens.

8.3 Logging In and Out of the User Interface

After a connection to the user interface of the inverter has been established, the login page opens. Log onto the user interface as described below.

i Usage of cookies

For the correct display of the user interface, cookies are required. The cookies are used for convenience only. By using this user interface you agree to the placement of cookies.

Log in as Installer or User for the First Time

i Password assignment for user and installer

The passwords for the user groups **Installer** and **User** must be assigned when accessing the user interface for the first time. If the inverter was registered in a communication device (e.g., SMA Data Manager) and the system password was assigned, the system password is also the installer password. In this case, only the user password must be assigned.

- If you as a specialist assign the user password, only pass the password on to persons to access the inverter data via the user interface.
- If you as a user assign the installer password, only pass the password on to persons to receive access to the system.

i **Installer password for inverters registered in a communication device or in Sunny Portal**

To be able to register the inverter in a communication device (e.g., SMA Data Manager) or in a Sunny Portal system, the password for the user group **Installer** must match the system password. If you assign a password for the user group **Installer** via the user interface of the inverter, the same password must also be used as the system password.

- Assign a uniform installer password to all SMA devices in the system.

Procedure:

1. In the drop-down list **Language**, select the desired language.
2. In the **Password** field, enter a password for the **User** user group.
3. In the **Repeat password** field, enter the password again.
4. Click on **Save**.
5. In the **New password** field, enter a password for the **Installer** user group. Assign a uniform password to all SMA devices to be registered in a system. The installer password is also the system password.
6. In the **Repeat password** field, enter the password again.
7. Click on **Save and log in**.

The **Configuring the Inverter** page opens.

Log in as the User or Installer

1. In the drop-down list **Language**, select the desired language.
2. In the **User group** drop-down list, select the entry **Installer** or **User**.
3. Enter the password in the field **Password**.
4. Select **Login**.

The start page of the user interface opens.

Log Out as the User or Installer

1. On the right-hand side of the menu bar, select the menu **User Settings**.
2. In the subsequent context menu, select **[Logout]**.

The login page of the user interface opens. The logout was successful.

8.4 Start Page Design of the User Interface



Figure 16: Design of the user interface's start page (example)

Position	Designation	Description
A	Menu	<p>Provides the following functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Home Opens the user interface homepage • Instantaneous values Current measured values of the inverter • Device Parameters The various operating parameters of the inverter can be viewed and configured here depending on the user group. • Events All events that have occurred in the selected time period are displayed here. The event types are Information, Warning and Error. Currently existing events of the types Error and Warning will be additionally displayed in the Device status viewlet. However, only the higher-priority event is displayed. If, for example, there is a Warning and an Error present at the same time, only the Error will be displayed. • Device configuration Various settings for the inverter can be made here. The selection available is dependent on which user group you are logged in as and the operating system of the device with which the user interface has been called up. • Data You will find all data that is saved in the internal memory of the inverter or on an external storage medium on this page.
B	User settings	<p>Provides the following functions, depending on the user group logged in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Starting the installation assistant • SMA Grid Guard login • Logout
C	Help	<p>Provides the following functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Displaying information on Open Source licenses used • Link to the website of SMA Solar Technology AG

Position	Designation	Description
D	Status bar	<p>Displays the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inverter serial number • Inverter firmware version • IP address of the inverter within the local network and/or IP address of the inverter during WLAN connection • With WLAN connection: Signal strength of WLAN connection • User group logged in • Date and device time of the inverter
E	Current power and current consumption	<p>Temporal progression of the PV power and the power consumption of the household over the selected time period. Please note, the power consumption will only be displayed if an energy meter is installed in the PV system.</p>
F	Status display	<p>The various areas display information on the current status of the PV system.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device status Displays whether the inverter is currently in a fault-free operating state or whether there is an Error or Warning present. • Current power Displays the power currently being generated by the inverter. • Yield Displays the energy yield of the inverter. • Grid supply Displays the energy supply from the utility grid. • Power at the grid-connection point Indicates which power is currently fed in or obtained at the grid-connection point. • Irradiation / wind speed Depending on the connected sensors, displays the current solar irradiation and/or wind speed. • Temperature measurement Depending on the connected sensors, displays the current temperature of the PV modules and/or the ambient temperature.

8.5 Displaying and Downloading the Stored Data

If an external storage device is plugged in, you can display and download the stored data.

Procedure:

1. Activate the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
2. Log into the user interface (see Section 8.3, page 60).
3. Select the menu **Data**.
4. Select the folder **Data**.
5. To call up the data, select the respective folder and click on the required file.
6. To download the data, select the data type to be exported in the drop-down list. Then apply the time filter and select **Data export**.

8.6 Activating the Smart Inverter Screen

With the Smart Inverter Screen, the most important inverter data is displayed directly on the user interface login page. To activate the Smart Inverter Screen, proceed as listed in the following.

Procedure:

1. Activate the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
2. Log in as **Installer** or **User**.
3. Select the menu **User Settings** (see Section 8.4, page 62) on the start page of the user interface.
4. Select **[Smart Inverter Screen]**.

The Smart Inverter Screen has been activated.

8.7 Starting the Installation Assistant

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

The installation assistant leads you step-by-step through the steps necessary for the initial configuration of the inverter.

Layout of the installation assistant

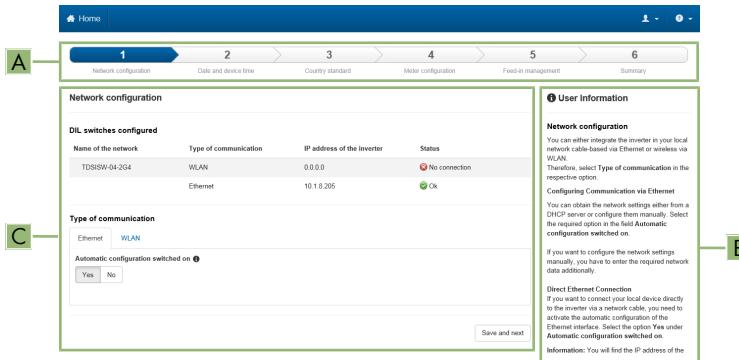


Figure 17: Layout of the installation assistant (example)

Position	Designation	Description
A	Configuration steps	Overview of the installation assistant steps. The number of steps depends on the type of device and the additionally installed modules. The current step is highlighted in blue.
B	User information	Information about the current configuration step and the setting options of the configuration step.
C	Configuration field	You can make settings in this field.

Requirement:

- When configuring after completion of the first ten feed-in hours or after exiting the installation assistant, the SMA Grid Guard code must be available in order to change the grid-relevant parameters (see "Application for SMA Grid Guard Code" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

Procedure:

- Open the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
- Log in as **Installer**.
- Select the menu **User Settings** (see Section 8.4, page 62) on the start page of the user interface.
- In the context menu, select **[Starting the installation assistant]**.
- The installation assistant will open.

8.8 Activate WPS Function

The WPS function can be used for different purposes:

- Automatic connection to a network (e.g. via router)
- Direct connection between the product and an end device

Depending on the intended application of the WPS function, the procedure for activation will vary.

Activating WPS function for automatic connection to a network

Requirements:

- WLAN must be activated in the product.
- WPS must be activated on the router.

Procedure:

1. Activate the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
2. Log in as **Installer**.
3. Start the installation assistant (see Section 8.7, page 66).
4. Select **Network configuration**.
5. Select **WPS for WLAN network** button in the **WLAN** tab.
6. Select **Activate WPS**.
7. Select **Save and next** and exit the installation assistant.

The WPS function is activated and the automatic connection to the network can be established.

Activating the WPS function for direct connection to the end device.

- Activate the WPS function on the inverter. To do this, tap twice in succession on the enclosure lid of the DC-Connection Unit next to the LEDs.

The blue LED flashes quickly for approx. two minutes. The WPS function is active during this time.

8.9 Switching WLAN On and Off

The inverter is equipped with an activated WLAN interface as standard. If you do not want to use WLAN, you can switch the WLAN function off and switch it on again whenever needed. In doing so, you can switch the WLAN direct connection and the WLAN connection in the local network on independently of each other.

i Switching on the WLAN function only possible via Ethernet connection

If you switch off both the WLAN function for the direct connection and for the connection in the local network, access to the inverter user interface and therefore reactivation of the WLAN interface is only possible via an Ethernet connection.

The basic procedure for changing operating parameters is explained in another section (see Section 8.12 "Changing Operating Parameters", page 69).

Switching WLAN Off

If you would like to switch the WLAN function off completely, you must switch off both the direct connection and the connection in the local network.

Procedure:

- To switch off the direct connection in the parameter group **PV system communication > WLAN**, select the parameter **Soft-access-point is turned on** and set this to **No**.
- To switch off the connection in the local network in the parameter group **PV system communication > WLAN**, select the parameter **WLAN is turned on** and set this to **No**.

Switching WLAN On

If you have switched the WLAN function for direct connection or for connection in the local network off, you can switch the WLAN function back on in accordance with the following procedure.

Requirement:

If the WLAN function was previously switched off completely, the inverter must be connected to a computer or router via Ethernet.

Procedure:

- To switch on the WLAN direct connection, in the parameter group **PV system communication > WLAN**, select the parameter **Soft-access-point is turned on** and set this to **Yes**.
- To switch on the WLAN connection in the local network, in the parameter group **System communication > WLAN**, select the parameter **WLAN is turned on** and set this to **Yes**.

8.10 Switching the Dynamic Power Display Off

As standard, the inverter signals its power dynamically via the pulsing of the green LED. When doing so, the LED flashes on and off uniformly or is permanently lit at full power. The various gradations are related here to the set active power limit of the inverter. If this display is not desired, switch this function off in accordance with the following procedure. Once this has been done, the green LED is lit permanently to signalize feed-in operation.

The basic procedure for changing operating parameters is explained in another section (see Section 8.12 "Changing Operating Parameters", page 69).

Procedure:

- In the parameter group **Device > Operation**, select the parameter **Dynamic power display via green LED** and set this to **Off**.

8.11 Changing the Password

The password for the inverter can be changed for both user groups. Furthermore, the user group **Installer** can change the password for the user group **User** as well as its own password.

PV systems registered in a communication product

With PV systems that are registered in a communication product (e.g. Sunny Portal, Cluster Controller), you can also assign a new password for the user group **Installer** via the communication product. The password for the user group **Installer** is also the system password. If you assign a password for the user group **Installer** via the user interface of the inverter that does not correspond to the system password in the communication product, the inverter can no longer be reached by the communication product.

- Ensure that the password for the user group **Installer** is the same as the system password in the communication product.

Procedure:

1. Activate the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
2. Log into the user interface (see Section 8.3, page 60).
3. Call up the menu **Device Parameters**.
4. Select [**Edit parameters**].
5. In the parameter group **User Rights > Access Control** change the password of the desired user group.
6. Select [**Save all**] to save the changes.

8.12 Changing Operating Parameters

The operating parameters of the inverter are set to certain values by default. You can change the operating parameters to optimize the performance of the inverter.

This section describes the basic procedure for changing operating parameters. Always change operating parameters as described in this section. Some function-sensitive parameters can only be viewed by qualified persons and can only be changed by qualified persons by entering the personal SMA Grid Guard code.

Requirements:

- Changes to grid-relevant parameters must be approved by the responsible grid operator.

Procedure:

1. Open the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
2. Log into the user interface (see Section 8.3, page 60).
3. Call up the menu **Device Parameters**.
4. Click on [**Edit parameters**].
5. Log in using the SMA Grid Guard code to change those parameters designated by a lock (only for installers):
 - Select the menu **User Settings** (see Section 8.4, page 62).
 - In the subsequent context menu, select [**SMA Grid Guard login**].

- Enter the SMA Grid Guard code and select **[Login]**.

6. Expand the parameter group that contains the parameter which is to be configured.

7. Change the desired parameters.

8. Select **[Save all]** to save the changes.

The inverter parameters are set.

i Accepting the settings

Saving the made settings is indicated by an hourglass symbol on the user interface. If the DC voltage is sufficient, the data is transferred directly to the inverter and accepted. If the DC voltage is too low (e. g. in the evening), the settings are saved, but they cannot be directly transferred to or accepted by the inverter. As long as the inverter has not yet received and accepted the settings, the hourglass symbol will continue to be displayed on the user interface. The settings will be accepted when there is sufficient DC voltage applied and the inverter restarts. As soon as the hourglass symbol appears on the user interface, the settings have been saved. The settings will not be lost. You can log off of the user interface and leave the system.

8.13 Configuring the Country Data Set

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

By default, the inverter is set to a universally valid country data set. You must adjust the country data set for the installation site.

i The country data set must be set correctly.

If you select a country data set which is not valid for your country and purpose, it can cause a disturbance in the PV system and lead to problems with the grid operator. When selecting the country data set, you must always observe the locally applicable standards and directives as well as the properties of the PV system (e.g. PV system size, grid-connection point).

- If you are not sure which standards and directives are valid for your country or purpose, contact the grid operator.

i Change to the names and units of grid parameters to comply with the grid-connection requirements in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/631 (valid from April 27, 2019)

To comply with the EU grid-connection requirements (valid from April 27, 2019) the names and units of grid parameters were changed. This change is valid from firmware version $\geq 3.00.00.R$ if a country data set for fulfilling the EU grid-connection requirements (valid from 2019-04-27) is set. Names and units of grid parameters for inverters with firmware version $\leq 2.99.99.R$ are not affected by this change and remain valid. This also applies from firmware version $\geq 3.00.00.R$ if a country data set that is valid for countries outside the EU is set.

The basic procedure for changing operating parameters is explained in another section (see Section 8.12 "Changing Operating Parameters", page 69).

Procedure:

- In the parameter group **Grid monitoring > Grid monitoring** select the parameter **Set country standard** and set the required country data set.

8.14 Configuring the Active Power Mode

QUALIFIED PERSON

Starting the installation assistant

1. Open the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
2. Log in as **Installer**.
3. Start the installation assistant (see Section 8.7, page 66).
4. Select **[Save and continue]** after each step up until the step **Grid management service**.
5. Make the settings as described in the following.

Make the settings for systems with external setpoint

1. In the tab **Active power mode** set the switch **Active power setpoint** to **[On]**.
2. In the drop-down list **Operating mode active power setpoint**, select the entry **External setpoint**.
3. In the drop-down list **Fallback behavior**, select the entry **Apply fallback values**.
4. In the field **Fallback value of the maximum active power** enter the value to which the inverter is to limit its nominal power in case of a communication failure to the higher control unit at the end of the timeout time.
5. In the field **Timeout**, enter the time that the inverter is to wait before it limits its nominal power to the set fallback value.
6. If, in the event of a 0% or 0 W specification, the inverter is not permitted to feed small amounts of active power into the utility grid, select the entry **Yes** in the drop-down list **Grid disconnection for 0% active power setpoint**. This ensures that in the event of a 0% or 0 W specification, the inverter disconnects from the utility grid and does not feed in active power.

Make the settings for systems with manual setpoint

1. In the tab **Active power mode** set the switch **Active power setpoint** to **[On]**.
2. Select the entry **Manual setpoint in %** or **Manual setpoint in W** for manual specification and enter the respective setpoint value.

8.15 Configuring Q on Demand 24/7

With the "Q on Demand 24/7" function, the inverter remains connected to the utility grid overnight and is supplied with power via the utility grid in order that it can provide reactive power. When connected overnight, the inverter only draws an insignificant amount of active power from the utility grid to supply its internal assemblies. The inverter can provide up to 100% of its power as reactive power. The provision of reactive power during feed-in operation leads to a reduction of the feed-in power. This means that at 100% reactive power, the feed-in power is 0%.

The general setting of the grid management services (e.g. cos phi setpoint or Q(V) characteristic curve) can not be fully set independently of the "Q on Demand 24/7" function via the relevant parameters - "Q on Demand 24/7" only permits Q specifications. It is to be noted here that certain settings can have an influence on other grid-support settings and functions.

This means that if the "Q on Demand 24/7" function is active, no other grid-supporting functions (e.g., cos phi) are possible between day and night operation of the inverter. Should an independent reactive power provision be desired between day- and night operation, the reactive power provision must be communicated to the inverter via a superordinate control unit.

Currently, the provision of reactive power can only be read off via the phase currents and phase voltages in the instantaneous values (**Instantaneous values > AC Side > Phase currents / Phase voltage**) or requested via Modbus.

The basic procedure for changing operating parameters is explained in another section (see Section 8.12 "Changing Operating Parameters", page 69).

Procedure:

1. Select the parameter **Reactive power mode in case of active power output** and set the desired procedure. When doing so, note that for "Q on Demand 24/7", the modes **Cos Phi(P) characteristic curve** or **Cos Phi(U) characteristic curve** may not be selected.
2. Select the parameter **Reactive power mode in case of zero active power** and set the desired procedure.
3. Set the parameters associated with the reactive power mode.

8.16 Changing the Operating Mode of the Multifunction Relay

QUALIFIED PERSON

The default operating mode of the multifunction relay is **Fault indication (FltInd)**. If you decide to use another operating mode and have established the correct electrical connection for this operating mode and the associated connection variant, you will have to change the operating mode of the multifunction relay and make other settings, if necessary.

The basic procedure for changing operating parameters is explained in another section (see Section 8.12 "Changing Operating Parameters", page 69).

Procedure:

1. Call up the menu **Device Parameters**.
2. Select **[Edit parameters]**.
3. In the parameter group **Device > Multifunction relay > Operating mode** select the parameter **Operating mode of multifunction relay** or **Mlt.OpMode** and set the desired operating mode.
4. Once you have set the operating mode **Self-consumption** or **SelfCsmp**, you can configure other settings:
 - In the parameter group **Device > Multifunction relay > Self-consumption > Minimum On power** select the parameter **Minimum On power for MFR self-consumption** or **Mlt.MinOnPwr** and set the desired value. This will configure the power threshold from which a load is to be activated.

- In the parameter group **Device > Multifunction relay > Self-consumption > Minimum power On time** select the parameter **Minimum power On time, MFR self-consumption** or **Mlt.MinOnPwrTmm** and set the desired value. This will configure the minimum time for which the power must have exceeded the minimum switch-on power threshold in order to trip activation of the load.
- In the parameter group **Device > Multifunction relay > Self-consumption > Minimum On power** select the parameter **Minimum On time for MFR self-consumption** or **Mlt.MinOnTmm** and set the desired value. This will configure the minimum time for which the load remains activated.

5. If you have set the operating mode **Control via communication** or **ComCtl**, in the parameter group **Device > Multifunction relay > Control via communication > Status** select the parameter **Status of MFR with control via communication** or **Mlt.ComCtl.Sw** and set the desired value. This determines whether the multifunction relay can be controlled via a communication product.

6. If you have set the operating mode **Battery bank** or **BatCha**, make further settings:

- In the parameter group **Device > Multifunction relay > Battery bank > Minimum On power** select the parameter **Minimum On power for MFR battery bank** or **Mlt.BatCha.Pwr** and set the desired value. This will configure the power threshold from which the battery is to be charged.
- In the parameter group **Device > Multifunction relay > Battery bank > Minimum time before reconnection** select the parameter **Minimum time before reconnection of MFR battery bank** or **Mlt.BatCha.Tmm** and set the desired value. This will configure the minimum time which must elapse after charging the battery before the battery can be charged again.

7. Select **[Save all]** to save the changes.

8.17 Configuring the Modbus Function

QUALIFIED PERSON

The Modbus interface is deactivated by default and the communication ports 502 set.

In order to access SMA inverters with SMA Modbus® or SunSpec® Modbus®, the Modbus interface must be activated. After activating the interface, the communication ports of both IP protocols can be changed. For information on commissioning and configuration of the Modbus interface, see the technical information "SMA and SunSpec Modbus® Interface" at www.SMA-Solar.com.

For information on which Modbus registers are supported, see the technical information "Modbus® parameters and measured values" at www.SMA-Solar.com.

i Data security during enabled Modbus interface

If you enable the Modbus interface, there is a risk that unauthorized users may access and manipulate the data or devices in your PV system.

To ensure data security, take appropriate protective measures such as:

- Set up a firewall.
- Close unnecessary network ports.
- Only enable remote access via VPN tunnel.
- Do not set up port forwarding at the communication port in use.
- In order to disable the Modbus interface, reset the inverter to the default settings or disable the parameter again.

Procedure:

- Activate the Modbus interface and adjust the communication ports if necessary (see the technical information "SMA and SunSpec Modbus® Interface" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

8.18 Activating the Receipt of Control Signals (Only for Italy)

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

In order for PV systems in Italy to receive control commands from the grid operator, set the following parameters.

The basic procedure for changing operating parameters is explained in another section (see Section 8.12 "Changing Operating Parameters", page 69).

Parameter	Value/range	Resolution	Default
Application ID	0 to 16384	1	16384
GOOSE-Mac address	01:0C:CD:01:00:00 to 01:0C:CD:01:02:00	1	01:0C:CD:01:00:00

Procedure:

1. Select the parameter group **External communication > IEC 61850 configuration**.
2. In the field **Application ID**, enter the application ID of the grid operator gateway. You will receive this value from your grid operator. You can enter a value between 0 and 16384. The value 16384 indicates "deactivated".
3. In the field **GOOSE-Mac address**, enter the MAC address of the grid operator gateway from which the inverter is to receive the control commands. You will receive this value from your grid operator.

The receipt of control signals from the grid operator is activated.

8.19 Setting SMA OptiTrac Global Peak

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

For partially shaded PV modules, you should set the interval at which the inverter is to optimize the MPP of the PV system. If you do not want to use SMA OptiTrac Global Peak feature, you can deactivate the feature.

The basic procedure for changing operating parameters is explained in another section (see Section 8.12 "Changing Operating Parameters", page 69).

Procedure:

- In the parameter group **DC-side > DC settings > OptiTrac Global Peak**, set the parameter **Cycle time of the OptiTrac Global Peak algorithm** and set the required time interval. The ideal time interval is usually six minutes. This value should only be increased if the shading situation changes extremely slowly.
 The inverter optimizes the MPP of the PV system at the predetermined time interval.
- In order to deactivate the SMA OptiTrac Global Peak feature, in the parameter group **DC-side > DC settings > OptiTrac Global Peak**, set the parameter **OptiTrac Global Peak switched on** to **Off**.

8.20 Setting the Rated Residual Current of the Residual-Current Device

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

When using residual-current devices with a rated residual current of < 500 mA, set the rated residual current to the respective value in the inverter. In this way the inverter reduces the operational leakage currents and prevents a false triggering of the residual-current device (further information see technical information "Leading Leakage Currents" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

The basic procedure for changing operating parameters is explained in another section (see Section 8.12 "Changing Operating Parameters", page 69).

Procedure:

- In the parameter group **Device > Inverter**, select the parameter **RCD adjustment** and set it to the rated residual current of the residual-current device that is used.

8.21 Activating String-Failure Detection

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

1. Activate the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
2. Log into the user interface as an **Installer**.
3. On the right-hand side of the menu bar, select the menu **User Settings** (see Section 8.4 "Start Page Design of the User Interface", page 62).
4. In the context menu, select **[Starting the installation assistant]**.

5. Select [**Save and next**] until you reach the **String configuration** step.
6. Activate string-failure detection and configure it as required.

8.22 Saving the Configuration in a File

You can save the current configuration of the inverter in a file. You can use this file as a data backup for this inverter and then import this file into this inverter again or another inverter from the same type or device family to configure the inverter. When saving, only the device parameters will be saved, not any passwords.

Procedure:

1. Activate the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
2. Log into the user interface (see Section 8.3, page 60).
3. Select the menu **Device Configuration**.
4. Select [**Settings**].
5. In the context menu, select [**Saving the configuration in a file**].
6. Follow the instructions in the dialog.

8.23 Adopting a Configuration from a File

QUALIFIED PERSON

To configure the inverter, you can adopt the configuration from a file. To be able to do this, you must first save the configuration of another inverter from the same type or device family in a file (see Section 8.22 "Saving the Configuration in a File", page 76). When saving, only the device parameters will be adopted, not any passwords.

Requirements:

- Changes to grid-relevant parameters must be approved by the responsible grid operator.
- The SMA Grid Guard code must be available (see "Application for SMA Grid Guard Code" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

Procedure:

1. Open the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
2. Log into the user interface as an **Installer** (see Section 8.3, page 60).
3. Select the menu **Device Configuration**.
4. Select [**Settings**].
5. In the context menu, select [**Adopting the configuration from a file**].
6. Follow the instructions in the dialog.

8.24 Updating the Firmware

QUALIFIED PERSON

If no automatic update is set for the inverter in the communication product (e.g. SMA Data Manager, Cluster Controller, Sunny Portal) or via the user interface of the inverter, you have the option of carrying out a manual firmware update.

You have the following options to update the firmware:

- Update the firmware with the existing update file via the user interface of the inverter.
- Update the firmware with the existing update file via USB flash drive.
- Search and install the firmware via the user interface of the inverter.

Update the firmware with the existing update file via the user interface of the inverter.

Requirements:

An update file with the desired inverter firmware must be available. The update file is, for example, available for download on the product page of the inverter at www.SMA-Solar.com.

Procedure:

1. Open the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
2. Log into the user interface as an **Installer** (see Section 8.3, page 60).
3. Select the menu **Device Configuration**.
4. In the inverter row, click on the gear icon and select **Update firmware**.
5. Select **[Browse]** and select the update file for the inverter.
6. Select **Update firmware**.
7. Follow the instructions in the dialog.

Update the firmware with the existing update file via USB flash drive.

Requirements:

A USB flash drive with maximum 32 GB and file system FAT32 must be available.

Procedure:

1. Create an "UPDATE" folder on the USB stick.
2. Save the update file with the required firmware in the "UPDATE" folder on the USB flash drive.
The update file is, for example, available for download on the product page of the inverter at www.SMA-Solar.com. Ensure that only the update file to which the inverter is to be updated must be stored on the USB flash drive.

3.

DANGER

Danger to life due to high voltages

- Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources and open the enclosure lid of the DC connection unit (see Section 9, page 79).

4. Insert the USB flash drive in the USB port on the communication assembly.

5. Commission the inverter (see Section 7.2, page 52).

During start-up phase of the inverter, the desired firmware is being installed.

6.

 **DANGER**

Danger to life due to high voltages

- Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources and open the enclosure lid of the DC connection unit (see Section 9, page 79).

7. Pull the USB flash drive out of the USB port.

8. Commission the inverter (see Section 7.2, page 52).

9. Call up the user interface of the inverter and check the events to see whether a firmware update has been successfully completed.

10. If the firmware update has not been successfully completed, perform the firmware update again.

Search and install the firmware via the user interface of the inverter.

Requirements:

- The inverter must be connected to the Internet.

Procedure:

1. Open the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).

2. Log into the user interface as an **Installer** (see Section 8.3, page 60).

3. Click on **[Edit parameters]**.

4. Go to **Device > Update**.

5. Select the parameter **Check for update and install it** and set it to **Execute**.

6. Click on **[Save all]**.

- The firmware is updated in the background.

9 Disconnecting the Inverter from Voltage Sources

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

Prior to performing any work on the inverter, always disconnect it from all voltage sources as described in this section. Always adhere to the prescribed sequence.

⚠ WARNING

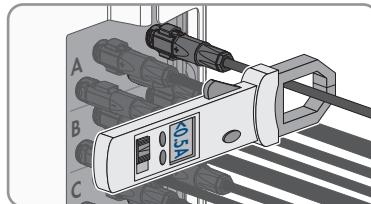
Danger to life due to electric shock from destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage

Overvoltage can damage a measuring device and result in voltage being present in the enclosure of the measuring device. Touching the live enclosure of the measuring device results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Only use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 1000 V or higher.

Procedure:

1. Disconnect the AC circuit breaker and secure it against reconnection.
2. Set the DC load-break switch of the inverter to position **O**.
3. Secure the DC load-break switch against reconnection using a suitable padlock.
4. If the multifunction relay is used, switch off any supply voltage to the load.
5. Wait until the LEDs have gone out.
6. Use a current clamp to ensure that no current is present in the DC cables.



7.

⚠ DANGER

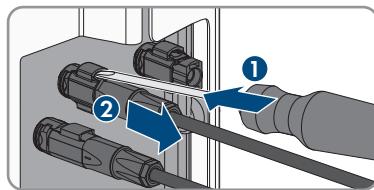
Danger to life due to electric shock when touching exposed DC conductors or DC plug contacts if the DC connectors are damaged or loose

The DC connectors can break or become damaged, become free of the DC cables, or no longer be connected correctly if the DC connectors are released and disconnected incorrectly. This can result in the DC conductors or DC plug contacts being exposed.

Touching live DC conductors or DC plug connectors will result in death or serious injury due to electric shock.

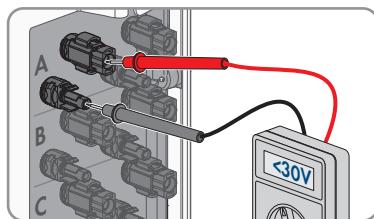
- Wear insulated gloves and use insulated tools when working on the DC connectors.
- Ensure that the DC connectors are in perfect condition and that none of the DC conductors or DC plug contacts are exposed.
- Carefully release and remove the DC connectors as described in the following.

8. Release and remove the DC connectors. To do so, insert a flat-blade screwdriver or an angled screwdriver (blade width: 3.5 mm) into one of the side slots and pull the DC connectors out. When doing so, do not lever the DC connectors out, but insert the tool into one of the side slots only to release the locking mechanism, and do not pull on the cable.

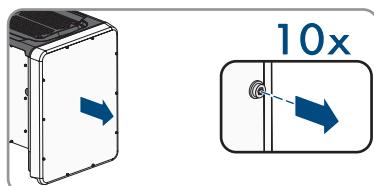


9. Ensure that the DC connectors on the product and those that are equipped with DC conductors are in perfect condition and that none of the DC conductors or DC plug contacts are exposed.

10. Ensure that no voltage is present at the DC inputs on the inverter using a suitable measuring device.

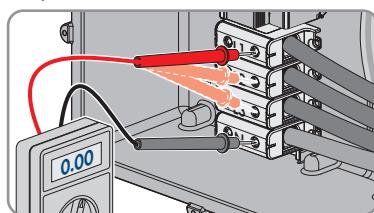


11. Unscrew (TX25) all ten screws of the enclosure lid of the AC-Connection Unit and remove the enclosure lid carefully towards the front.

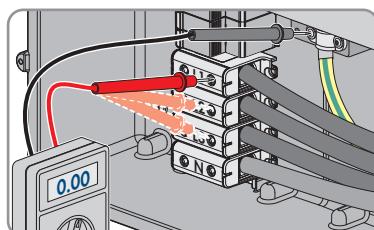


12. Set the screws and the enclosure lid aside and store safely.

13. Ensure there is no voltage on the AC terminal block between L1 and N, L2 and N, and L3 and N using a suitable measuring device. To do so, insert the test probe (maximum diameter: 2.5 mm) into the measuring points of the respective terminal blocks.



14. Ensure there is no voltage on the AC terminal block between L1 and PE, L2 and PE, and L3 and PE using a suitable measuring device. To do so, insert the test probe (maximum diameter: 2.5 mm) into the measuring points of the respective terminal blocks.



10 Cleaning the Inverter

NOTICE

Damage due to cleaning agents

The use of cleaning agents may cause damage to the product and its components.

- Clean the product and all its components only with a cloth moistened with clear water.
- Ensure that the inverter is free of dust, foliage and other dirt.

11 Troubleshooting

11.1 Forgotten Password

If you have forgotten the password for the inverter, you can unlock the inverter with a Personal Unlocking Key (PUK). For each inverter, there is one PUK for each user group (**User** and **Installer**). Tipp: With PV systems that are registered in a communication product, you can also assign a new password for the user group **Installer** via the communication product. The password for the user group **Installer** is the same as the system password in the communication product.

Procedure:

1. Request PUK (application form available at www.SMA-Solar.com).
2. Open the user interface (see Section 8.2, page 56).
3. Enter the PUK instead of the password into the field **Password**.
4. Select **Login**.
5. Call up the menu **Device Parameters**.
6. Click on **[Edit parameters]**.
7. In the parameter group **User Rights > Access Control** change the password of the desired user group.
8. Select **[Save all]** to save the changes.

Password assignment for inverters that are registered in a communication product

The password for the user group **Installer** is also the system password for the system in the communication product. Changing the password of the user group **Installer** can lead to the inverter no longer being able to be reached by the communication product.

- In the communication product, assign the changed password of the user group **Installer** as the new system password (see the manual of the communication product).

11.2 Event Messages

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
101	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Grid fault</p> <p>The grid voltage or grid impedance at the connection point of the inverter is too high. The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check whether the grid voltage at the connection point of the inverter is permanently in the permissible range. <p>If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, contact the grid operator. The grid operator must agree with an adjustment of the voltage at the feed-in point or with a change of the monitored operating limits.</p> <p>If the grid voltage is permanently within the permissible range and this message is still displayed, contact Service.</p>
301	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Grid fault</p> <p>The ten-minute average value of the grid voltage is no longer within the permissible range. The grid voltage or grid impedance at the connection point is too high. The inverter disconnects from the utility grid to maintain power quality.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> During the feed-in operation, check whether the grid voltage at the connection point of the inverter is permanently in the permissible range. <p>If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, contact the grid operator. The grid operator must agree with an adjustment of the voltage at the feed-in point or with a change of the monitored operating limits.</p> <p>If the grid voltage is permanently within the permissible range and this message is still displayed, contact Service.</p>
401	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Grid fault</p> <p>The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid. A stand-alone grid or a very large change in the power frequency was detected.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the grid connection for significant short-term frequency fluctuations.

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
501	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Grid fault</p> <p>The power frequency is not within the permissible range. The inverter has disconnected from the utility grid.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If possible, check the power frequency and observe how often fluctuations occur. • If fluctuations occur frequently and this message is displayed often, contact the grid operator and request approval to change the operating parameters of the inverter. • If the grid operator gives his approval, discuss any changes to the operating parameters with the Service.
601	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Grid fault</p> <p>The inverter has detected an excessively high proportion of direct current in the grid current.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the grid connection for direct current. • If this message is displayed frequently, contact the grid operator and check whether the monitoring threshold on the inverter can be raised.
801	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Waiting for grid voltage > Grid failure > Check AC circuit breaker</p> <p>The AC cable is not correctly connected or the country data set is not correctly configured.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that the circuit breaker is switched on. • Ensure that the AC cable is not damaged and that it is connected correctly. • Ensure that the country data set has been configured correctly. • Check whether the grid voltage at the connection point of the inverter is permanently in the permissible range. <p>If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, contact the grid operator. The grid operator must agree with an adjustment of the voltage at the feed-in point or with a change of the monitored operating limits.</p> <p>If the grid voltage is permanently within the permissible range and this message is still displayed, contact Service.</p>

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
901	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON <p>PE conn. missing > Check connection</p> <p>The grounding conductor is not correctly connected.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that the grounding conductor is correctly connected.
3401	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON
3402	<p>DC overvoltage > Disconnect generator</p>
3404	<p>Ovvoltage at the DC input. This can destroy the inverter.</p>
3407	<p>This message is signalized additionally by rapid flashing of the LEDs.</p>
3410	<p>Corrective measures:</p>
3411	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources. • Check whether the DC voltage is below the maximum input voltage of the inverter. If the DC voltage is below the maximum input voltage of the inverter, reconnect the DC connectors to the inverter. • If the DC voltage exceeds the maximum input voltage of the inverter, ensure that the PV array has been correctly rated or contact the installer of the PV array. • If this message is repeated frequently, contact the Service.
3412	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON
3501	<p>Insulation failure > Check generator</p>
	<p>The inverter has detected a ground fault in the PV array.</p>
	<p>Corrective measures:</p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the PV system for ground faults.
3701	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON
	<p>Resid.curr.too.high > Check generator</p>
	<p>The inverter has detected a residual current due to temporary grounding of the PV array.</p>
	<p>Corrective measures:</p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the PV system for ground faults.

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
3801	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON
3802	DC overcurrent > Check generator
3803	Overcurrent at the DC input. The inverter briefly interrupts feed-in operation.
3805	Corrective measures:
3806	• If this message is displayed frequently, ensure that the PV array has been correctly rated and wired.
3807	
3808	
6002-6412	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON
	Self diagnosis > Interference device
	The cause must be determined by the Service.
	Corrective measures:
	• Contact Service.
6502	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON
	Self-diagnosis > Overtemperature
	The inverter has switched off due to excessive temperature.
	Corrective measures:
	• Clean the cooling fins on the rear of the enclosure and the air ducts on the top using a soft brush.
	• Ensure that the inverter has sufficient ventilation.
	• Ensure that the inverter is not exposed to direct solar irradiation.
6512	Minimum operating temperature not reached
	The inverter will only recommence grid feed-in once the temperature has reached at least -25°C .
6603	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON
6604	Self-diagnosis > Overload
	The cause must be determined by the Service.
	Corrective measures:
	• Contact Service.
6701	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON
6702	Communication disturbed
	Error in the communication processor, the inverter continues feeding in, however. The cause must be determined by the Service.
	Corrective measures:
	• If this message is displayed frequently, contact the Service.

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
7102	 QUALIFIED PERSON
	Parameter file not found or defective
	<p>The parameter file was not found or is defective. Loading the parameter file has failed. The inverter continues to feed in.</p>
	Corrective measures:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Copy the parameter file to the correct folder again.
7105	 QUALIFIED PERSON
	Param. setting failed
	<p>Parameters could not be set using the memory card. The inverter continues to feed in.</p>
	Corrective measures:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that the parameters are set correctly. • Ensure that the SMA Grid Guard code is available.
7106	Update file defect.
	<p>The update file is defective. The update failed. The inverter continues to feed in.</p>
7110	No update file found
	<p>No new update file was found on the SD memory card. The update failed. The inverter continues to feed in.</p>
7112	Update file successfully copied
7113	The memory card is full or write-protected
7201	Data storage not possible
7202	
7303	 QUALIFIED PERSON
	Update main CPU failed
	<p>The cause must be determined by the Service.</p>
	Corrective measures:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contact Service.
7320	The device with serial number [xx] was successfully updated to firmware version [xxx].
	<p>The firmware update was completed successfully.</p>
7330	Condition test failed
	<p>The testing of the update conditions was not successful. The firmware update package is not suitable for this inverter.</p>

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
7331	<p>Update transport started Update file is being copied.</p>
7332	<p>Update transport successful Update file was copied successfully to the inverter's internal memory.</p>
7333	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Update transport failed Update file could not be copied to the inverter's internal memory. In the event of connection with the inverter via WLAN, a poor connection quality can be the cause.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retry update. • For WLAN connection: Improve the WLAN connection quality (e.g. via WLAN repeater) or establish connection with the inverter via Ethernet. • If this message is displayed again, contact the Service.
7341	<p>Update Bootloader The inverter is performing a bootloader update.</p>
7342	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Update Bootloader failed The bootloader update failed.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retry update. • If this message is displayed again, contact the Service.
7347	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Incompatible file The configuration file is not suitable for this inverter.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that the selected configuration file is suitable for this inverter. • Retry import.
7348	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Incorrect file format The configuration file is not of the required format or is damaged.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that the selected configuration file is of the required format and is not damaged. • Retry import.

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
7350	Transfer of a configuration file has started The configuration file is being transferred.
7351	Update WLAN The inverter is updating the WLAN module.
7352	Update of WLAN not successful The update of the WLAN module failed. Corrective measures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retry update. • If this message is displayed again, contact the Service.
7353	Update time zone database The inverter is updating the time zone database.
7354	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON Update of time zone database not successful The update of the time zone database failed. Corrective measures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retry update. • If this message is displayed again, contact the Service.
7355	Update WebUI The inverter is updating the inverter user interface.
7356	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON Update of the WebUI not successful The update of the inverter user interface failed. Corrective measures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retry update. • If this message is displayed again, contact the Service.
7619	⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON Communication fault with meter unit > Check communication to meter The inverter is not receiving any data from the energy meter. Corrective measures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that the energy meter is correctly integrated into the same network as the inverter (see energy meter manual). • For WLAN connection: Improve the WLAN connection quality (e.g. via WLAN repeater) or connect the inverter with the DHCP server (router) via Ethernet.

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
7622	<p>No communication with the I/O module?</p> <p>This event is displayed during a device-internal communication error with the SMA I/O Module. For safety reasons, the inverter disconnects from the utility grid.</p>
7702	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Interference device</p> <p>The cause must be determined by the Service.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contact Service.
7801	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Error overvoltage protector</p> <p>One or more surge arresters have tripped or one or more surge arresters are not inserted correctly.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that the surge arrester is inserted correctly. • If surge arresters have tripped, replace the tripped surge arresters with new surge arresters.
8003	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Active power limited temperature</p> <p>The inverter has reduced its power output for more than ten minutes due to excessive temperature.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clean the cooling fins on the rear of the enclosure and the air ducts on the top using a soft brush. • Ensure that the inverter has sufficient ventilation. • Ensure that the ambient temperature +35°C has not been exceeded. • Ensure that the inverter is not exposed to direct solar irradiation.
8101 8102 8103 8104	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Communication disturbed</p> <p>The cause must be determined by the Service.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contact Service.

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
9002	 QUALIFIED PERSON
	SMA Grid Guard code invalid
	<p>The SMA Grid Guard code entered is incorrect. The operating parameters are still protected and cannot be changed.</p>
	Corrective measures:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter the correct SMA Grid Guard code.
9003	Grid parameter locked
	<p>Changes to the grid parameters are now blocked. In order to be able to make changes to the grid parameters, from now on you must log in using the SMA Grid Guard code.</p>
9005	 QUALIFIED PERSON
	Changing of grid parameters not possible > Ensure DC supply
	<p>This error can have the following causes:</p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The parameters to be changed are protected. The DC voltage at the DC input is not sufficient to run the main CPU.
	Corrective measures:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter the SMA Grid Guard code. Ensure that at least the DC start voltage is available (green LED is flashing, pulsing or glowing).
9007	 QUALIFIED PERSON
	Abort self-test
	<p>The self-test (Italy only) was terminated.</p>
	Corrective measures:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ensure that the AC connection is correct. Restart the self-test.
9033	Rapid Shutdown was triggered
	<p>The inverter detected the triggering of a Rapid Shutdown. The AC side of the inverter was disconnected.</p>

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
9034	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Error in Rapid Shutdown System</p> <p>This message can have the following causes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Rapid Shutdown Function was not correctly configured. • The PV generator could not be correctly disconnected. Voltage can be applied to the DC inputs of the inverter. • The standby voltage of all PV module switches of a string is > 30 V. <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the configuration of the Rapid Shutdown function and ensure that the operating mode selected is selected according to the DC disconnection unit used. • Check the functionality of the PV module switches. • Check the standby voltage of the PV module switches used and ensure that the standby voltage of all PV module switches of a string < 30 V.
9035	<p>Rapid Shutdown successful</p> <p>The voltage at the DC inputs and at the AC output of the inverter was successfully discharged.</p>
9037	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Generator connection not carried out</p> <p>The PV module switches did not connect the PV generator.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the functionality of the SunSpec-compliant PV module switches.
9038	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>Redundant Rapid Shutdown discharge function not ensured</p> <p>The cause must be determined by the Service.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contact Service.
10108	<p>Time adjusted / old time</p>
10109	<p>Time adjusted / new time</p>

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
10110	 QUALIFIED PERSON
Time synchronization failed: xx 	
No time information could be called up from the set NTP server.	
Corrective measures:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that the NTP server was configured correctly. • Ensure that the inverter is integrated into a local network with Internet connection. 	
10118	 Parameter upload complete
The configuration file was loaded successfully.	
10248	 QUALIFIED PERSON
[Interface]: network busy	
The network is busy. Data exchange between the devices is not at an optimum and is greatly delayed.	
Corrective measures:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase the query intervals. • If necessary, reduce the number of devices in the network. 	
10249	 QUALIFIED PERSON
[Interface]: network overloaded	
The network is overloaded. There is no data exchange between the devices.	
Corrective measures:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduce the number of devices in the network. • If necessary, increase the data query intervals. 	
10250	 QUALIFIED PERSON
[Interface]: package error rate [ok / high]	
The package error rate has changed. If the package error rate is high, the network is overloaded or the connection to the network switch or DHCP server (router) is disturbed.	
Corrective measures if the package error rate is high:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that with an Ethernet connection, the network cable and the network connector are not damaged and that the network connectors are correctly plugged. • If necessary, increase the data query intervals. • If necessary, reduce the number of devices in the network. 	

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
10251	<p>[Interface]: communication status goes to [OK / Warning / Error / Not connected]</p> <p>The communication status to the network switch or DHCP server (router) has changed. An additional error message may be displayed.</p>
10252	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>[Interface]: communication disrupted</p> <p>There is no valid signal on the network line.</p> <p>Corrective measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that with an Ethernet connection, the network cable and the network connector are not damaged and that the network connectors are correctly plugged. • Ensure that the DHCP server (router) and any network switches are signalizing correct operation.
10253	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>[Interface]: connection speed goes to [100 Mbit / 10 Mbit]</p> <p>The data transfer rate has changed. The cause for the status [10 Mbit] can be a defective plug, a defective cable or the pulling or plugging of the network connector.</p> <p>Corrective measures if the status is [10 Mbit]:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that with an Ethernet connection, the network cable and the network connector are not damaged and that the network connectors are correctly plugged. • Ensure that the DHCP server (router) and any network switches are signalizing correct operation.
10254	<p>⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON</p> <p>[Interface]: duplex mode goes to [Full / Half]</p> <p>The duplex mode (data transfer mode) has changed. The cause for the status [Half] can be a defective plug, a defective cable or the pulling or plugging of the network connector.</p> <p>Corrective measures if the status is [Half]:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that with an Ethernet connection, the network cable and the network connector are not damaged and that the network connectors are correctly plugged. • Ensure that the DHCP server (router) and any network switches are signalizing correct operation.

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
10255	 QUALIFIED PERSON
	[Interface]: Network load OK
	The network load has returned to a normal range after being busy.
10282	[User group]-Login via [protocol] locked
	After several incorrect login attempts, login has been blocked for a limited time. In this case, the User login will be blocked for 15 minutes, the Grid Guard login for 12 hours.
	Corrective measures:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wait until the given time has expired and then retry login.
10283	 QUALIFIED PERSON
	WLAN module faulty
	The WLAN module integrated in the inverter is defective.
	Corrective measures:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contact Service.
10284	 QUALIFIED PERSON
	No WLAN connection possible
	The inverter does not currently have a WLAN connection to the selected network.
	Corrective measures:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ensure that the SSID, the WLAN password and the encryption method have been entered correctly. The encryption method is specified by your WLAN router or WLAN Access Point and can be changed there. Ensure that the WLAN router or WLAN Access Point is in range and is signalizing correct operation. If this message is displayed often, improve the WLAN connection by using a WLAN repeater.
10285	WLAN connection established
	Connection to the selected WLAN network has been established.

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
10286	 QUALIFIED PERSON
	WLAN connection lost The inverter has lost WLAN connection to the selected network.
	Corrective measures:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that the WLAN router or WLAN Access Point is still active. • Ensure that the WLAN router or WLAN Access Point is in range and is signalizing correct operation. • If this message is displayed often, improve the WLAN connection by using a WLAN repeater.
10339	Webconnect enabled
10340	Webconnect disabled
10502	Active power limited AC frequency
10513	Grid management service Fast stop: Stop by system control is executed This event is generated by the monitoring relay of the monitoring unit when the grid and PV system protection device is triggered. The inverter disconnects from the utility grid.
10901	Start self-test [xx]
10902	Uac RPro [xxx] V
10903	Uac Max [xxx] V
10904	Uac Min [xxx] V
10905	Uac Min Fast [xxx] V
10906	Fac SwMax [xxx] Hz
10907	Fac SwMin [xxx] Hz
10908	Fac Max [xxx] Hz
10909	Fac Min [xxx] Hz
10910	Disconn. threshold [xxx] [xx]
10911	Stand. Val. [xxx] [xx]
10912	Disconn. time [xx] s
27103	Set parameter The parameter changes are being adopted.
27104	Parameters set successfully The parameter changes were successfully adopted.

Event number	Message, cause and corrective measures
27107	Update file OK The update file found is valid.
27301	Update communication The inverter is updating the communication component.
27302	Update main CPU The inverter is updating the inverter component.
27312	Update completed The inverter has successfully completed the update.
29001	Inst. code valid The entered Grid Guard code is valid. Protected parameters have now been unlocked and you can adjust the parameters. The parameters will be automatically locked again after ten feed-in hours.
29004	Grid parameters unchanged Changing the grid parameters is not possible.

11.3 Checking the PV System for Ground Faults

QUALIFIED PERSON

If the red LED is glowing and the event number 3501, 3601 or 3701 is being displayed in the **Results** menu on the inverter user interface, there may be a ground fault present. The electrical insulation from the PV system to ground is defective or insufficient.

DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when touching live system components in case of a ground fault

If a ground fault occurs, parts of the system may still be live. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Disconnect the product from voltage sources and make sure it cannot be reconnected before working on the device.
- Touch the cables of the PV array on the insulation only.
- Do not touch any parts of the substructure or frame of the PV array.
- Do not connect PV strings with ground faults to the inverter.

⚠ WARNING**Danger to life due to electric shock from destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage**

Overvoltage can damage a measuring device and result in voltage being present in the enclosure of the measuring device. Touching the live enclosure of the measuring device results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

- Only use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 1000 V or higher.

Procedure:

In order to check the PV system for ground faults, perform the following actions in the prescribed order. The exact procedure is described in the following sections.

- Check the PV system for ground faults by measuring the voltage.
- If the voltage measurement was not successful, check the PV system via insulation resistance measurement for ground faults.

Test by Measuring the Voltage

Proceed as follows to check each string in the PV system for ground faults.

Procedure:

1.

⚠ DANGER**Danger to life due to high voltages**

- Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 79).

2. Measure the voltages:

- Measure the voltage between the positive terminal and the ground potential (PE).
- Measure the voltage between the negative terminal and the ground potential (PE).
- Measure the voltage between the positive and negative terminals.

If the following results are present at the same time, there is a ground fault in the PV system:

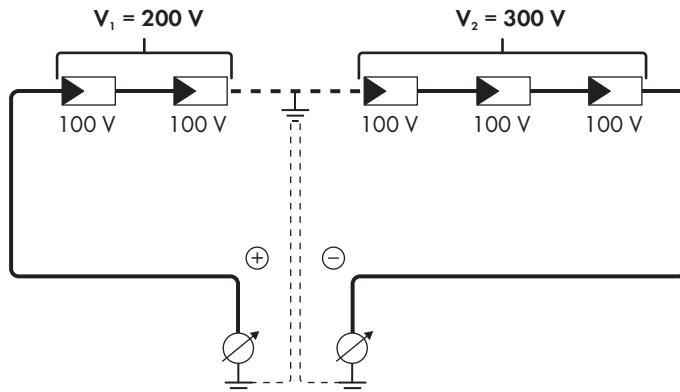
- All measured voltages are stable.
- The sum of the two voltages to ground potential is approximately equal to the voltage between the positive and negative terminals.

3. If a ground fault is present, determine the location of the ground fault via the ratio of the two measured voltages and eliminate the ground fault.
4. If a definite ground fault cannot be measured and the message is still displayed, measure the insulation resistance.
5. Reconnect the strings without ground faults to the inverter and recommission the inverter (see inverter installation inverter).



Location of the ground fault

The example shows a ground fault between the second and third PV module.



Test by Measuring the Insulation Resistance

If the voltage measurement does not provide sufficient evidence of a ground fault, the insulation resistance measurement can provide more exact results.

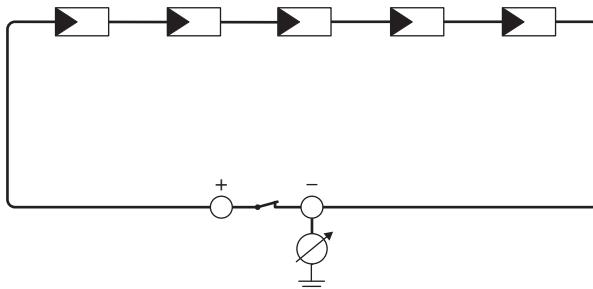


Figure 18: Schematic diagram of the measurement

i Calculating the insulation resistance

The expected total resistance of the PV system or of an individual string can be calculated using the following formula:

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{total}}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \dots$$

The exact insulation resistance of a PV module can be obtained from the module manufacturer or the datasheet.

For the resistance of a PV module an average value can be assumed: for thin-film PV modules approximately 40 MOhm and for polycrystalline and monocrystalline PV modules approximately 50 MOhm per PV module (for further information on calculating the insulation resistance see the Technical Information "Insulation Resistance (Riso) of Non-Galvanically Isolated PV Systems" at www.SMA-Solar.com).

Required devices:

- Suitable device for safe disconnection and short-circuiting
- Measuring device for insulation resistance

i Device required for safe disconnection and short-circuiting of the PV array

The insulation resistance can only be measured with a suitable device for safe disconnection and short-circuiting of the PV array. If no suitable device is available, the insulation measurement must not be carried out.

Procedure:

1. Calculate the expected insulation resistance per string.
2. **DANGER**
Danger to life due to high voltages
 - Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 79).
3. Install the short circuit device.
4. Connect the measuring device for insulation resistance.
5. Short-circuit the first string.
6. Set the test voltage. The test voltage should be as close as possible to the maximum system voltage of the PV modules but must not exceed it (see datasheet of the PV modules).
7. Measure the insulation resistance.
8. Eliminate the short circuit.
9. Measure the remaining strings in the same manner.
 - If the insulation resistance of a string deviates considerably from the theoretically calculated value, there is a ground fault present in that string.
10. Reconnect to the inverter only those strings from which the ground fault has been eliminated.
11. Reconnect all other strings to the inverter.

12. Recommission the inverter.
13. If the inverter still displays an insulation error, contact the Service (see Section 15, page 111).
The PV modules might not be suitable for the inverter in the present quantity.

12 Decommissioning the Inverter

⚠ QUALIFIED PERSON

To decommission the inverter completely upon completion of its service life, proceed as described in this Section.

⚠ CAUTION

Risk of injury when lifting the inverter, or if it is dropped

The inverter weighs 84 kg. You risk injury if you lift the inverter incorrectly or if it is dropped while being transported or mounted.

- Carry and lift the inverter in an upright position with several people without tilting it.

Requirements:

- A pallet must be available.
- Original packaging with paddings must be available.
- All transport handles must be in place.

Procedure:

⚠ DANGER

Danger to life due to high voltages

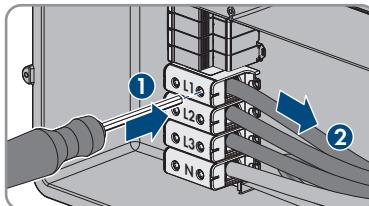
- Disconnect the inverter from all voltage sources (see Section 9, page 79).

⚠ CAUTION

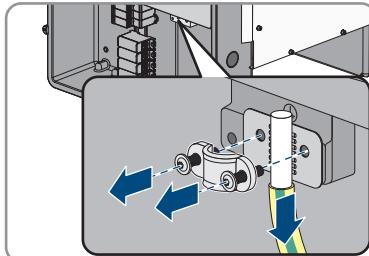
Risk of burns due to hot enclosure parts

- Wait 30 minutes for the enclosure to cool down.

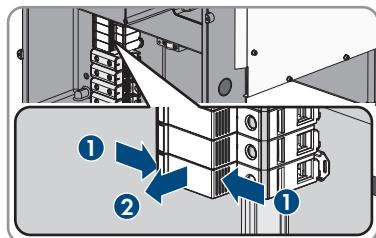
3. Remove the AC cable from the inverter. To do so, loosen the screws (AF8) and pull the cables out of the terminal.



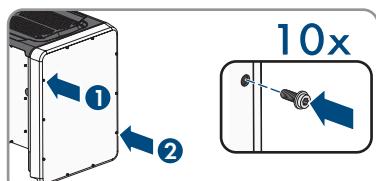
4. Disconnect the grounding conductor from the grounding terminal. Loosen the screws (TX 25) and pull the grounding conductor out under the clip.



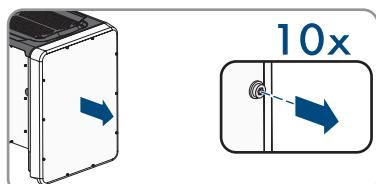
5. Remove the AC cable from the inverter.
6. Remove the M63 cable gland from the enclosure opening in the AC connection unit. To do so, remove the inside counter nut and remove the cable gland from the enclosure opening.
7. When the AC surge arresters are inserted, pull the surge arresters out of the slots. To do so, squeeze the grooved areas on the left and right sides of the surge arrester.



8. Position the enclosure lid of the AC-Connection Unit on the AC-Connection Unit and first tighten the upper-left and lower-right screws, and then the remaining screws crosswise (TX 25, torque: 6 Nm).

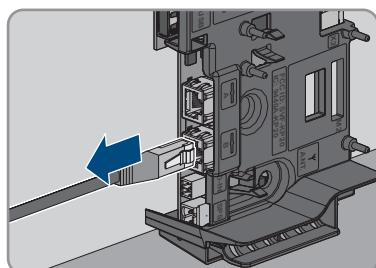


9. Unscrew (TX25) all ten screws of the enclosure lid of the DC-Connection Unit and remove the enclosure lid carefully towards the front.



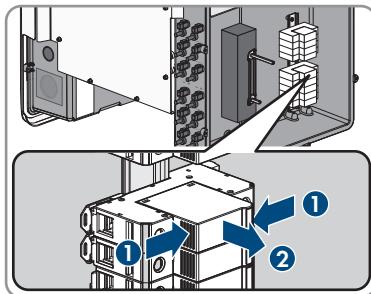
10. Set the screws and the enclosure lid aside and store safely.

11. Remove all connection cables from the communication assembly and pull out the connection cables out of the DC-Connection Unit.

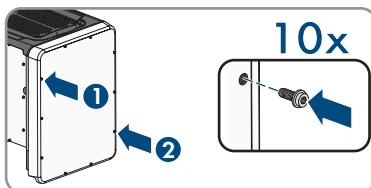


12. Remove all cable glands from the inverter. To do so, unscrew the counter nut from inside and remove the cable gland from the enclosure opening.

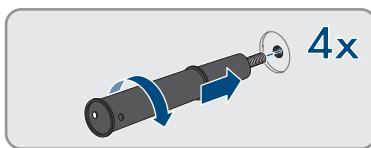
13. When the DC surge arresters are inserted, pull the surge arresters out of the slots. To do so, squeeze the grooved areas on the left and right sides of the surge arrester.



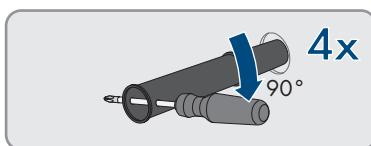
14. Position the enclosure lid of the DC-Connection Unit on the DC-Connection Unit and first tighten the upper-left and lower-right screws, and then the remaining screws crosswise (TX 25, torque: 6 Nm).



15. Screw all four transport handles as far as they will go into the taps on the right- and left-hand side until they lie flush with the enclosure. When doing so, ensure that the transport handles are screwed into the taps so that they are perfectly straight. If the transport handles are not screwed in straight, this can make it more difficult or even impossible to unscrew them later on and can damage the taps to the extent that transport handles can no longer be screwed into them.



16. Insert a screwdriver into the holes in the transport handle and turn the screwdriver through 90°. This ensures that the transport handles are securely tightened.

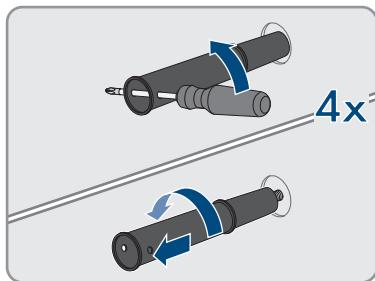


17. To remove the feet or profile rails, lay the inverter carefully on the AC-Connection Unit side.

18. If the inverter is to be stored or shipped, pack the inverter in its original packaging.

- Place the lower part of the original packaging with padding on the pallet
- Place the inverter with padding on the pallet. For this purpose, put the AC-Connection Unit side of the inverter on top of the padding.

- Remove all four transport handles from the threaded holes. If necessary, insert a screwdriver into the holes on the transport handle and use the screwdriver to remove the transport handle.



- Pull the upper part of the original packaging over the inverter.
- Insert the upper padding.
- Close the packaging.
- Secure the packaging and pallet with strapping or with fastening belts.

19. Dispose of the inverter in accordance with the locally applicable disposal regulations for electronic waste.

13 Technical Data

DC Input

Maximum PV array power	75000 Wp STC
Maximum input voltage	1000 V
MPP voltage range	500 V to 800 V
Rated input voltage	670 V
Minimum input voltage	150 V
Initial input voltage	188 V
Maximum input current per DC connector	20 A
Maximum input current per input	20 A
Maximum short-circuit current per input*	30 A
Maximum reverse current into the PV array	0 A
Number of independent MPP inputs	6
Strings per MPP input	2
Surge category in accordance with IEC 62109-1	II

* In accordance with IEC 62109-2: $I_{SC\ PV}$

AC Output

Rated power at 230 V, 50 Hz	50000 W
Maximum apparent AC power	50000 VA
Rated grid voltage	230 V
Nominal AC voltage	400 V / 230 V
AC voltage range*	202 V to 264 V
Nominal AC current at 230 V	72.5 A
Maximum output current	72.5 A
Maximum output current under fault conditions	86 A
Total harmonic distortion of the output current with total harmonic distortion of the AC voltage <2%, and AC power >50% of the rated power	< 2 %
Inrush current	< 10% of the nominal AC current for a maximum of 10 ms
Rated power frequency	50 Hz
AC power frequency*	50 Hz / 60 Hz

Operating range at AC power frequency 50 Hz	44 Hz to 55 Hz
Operating range at AC power frequency 60 Hz	54 Hz to 65 Hz
Power factor at rated power	1
Displacement power factor, adjustable	0.0 overexcited to 0.0 underexcited
Feed-in phases	3
Phase connection	3 (+1)
Surge category in accordance with IEC 62109-1	III

* Depending on the configured country data set

Multifunction relay

Maximum DC switching voltage	30 V
Maximum AC switching current	1.0 A
Maximum DC switching current	1.0 A
Minimum load	0.1 W
Minimum electrical endurance when the maximum switching voltage and maximum switching current are complied with*	100000 switching cycles

* Corresponds to 20 years at 12 switching operations per day

Efficiency

Maximum efficiency, η_{\max}	> 98.1 %
European weighted efficiency, η_{EU}	> 97.8 %

Protective Devices

DC reverse polarity protection	Short-circuit diode
Input-side disconnection point	DC Load-Break Switch
DC surge protection	Surge arrester type 1 and 2 (optional)
AC short-circuit current capability	Current control
Grid monitoring	SMA Grid Guard 10.0
Maximum overcurrent protection	100 A
Ground fault monitoring	Insulation monitoring: $R_{\text{iso}} > 34 \text{ k}\Omega$
All-pole sensitive residual-current monitoring unit	Available

General Data

Width x height x depth, without feet or DC load-break switch	592 mm x 733 mm x 679 mm
Weight	84 kg
Length x width x height of the packaging	800 mm x 600 mm x 886 mm
Transport weight	100 kg
Climatic category in accordance with IEC 60721-3-4	4K4H
Environmental category	Outdoors
Pollution degree of all enclosure parts	2
Operating temperature range	-25 °C to +60 °C
Maximum permissible value for relative humidity (condensing)	100 %
Maximum operating altitude above mean sea level (MSL)	3000 m
Typical noise emission	64 dB(A)
Power loss in night mode	5 W
Topology	Transformerless
Cooling method	SMA OptiCool
Number of fans	3
Degree of protection for electronics in accordance with IEC 60529	IP65
Protection class in accordance with IEC 62109-1	I
Radio technology	WLAN 802.11 b/g/n
Radio spectrum	2.4 GHz
Maximum transmission power	100 mW
Grid configurations	TN-C, TN-S, TN-C-S, TT (when $V_{N_PE} < 20$ V)

Climatic Conditions

Installation in accordance with IEC 60721-3-4, Class 4K4H

Extended temperature range	-25 °C to +60 °C
Extended humidity range	0% to 100%

Threshold for relative humidity, non-condensing	100 %
Extended air pressure range	79.5 kPa to 106 kPa

Transport in accordance with IEC 60721-3-4, Class 2K3

Temperature range	-40 °C to +70 °C
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Equipment

DC connection	SUNCLIX DC connector
AC terminal	Screw terminals
Multifunction relay	As standard
Surge protection devices Type II for AC and/or DC	Optional

Torques

Screws for the DC-Connection Unit and AC-Connection Unit enclosure lids	6 Nm
Screws for AC terminals with conductor cross-section of 35 mm ² to 95 mm ²	20 Nm
Screws for AC terminals with conductor cross-section of 120 mm ²	30 Nm
Screws for attaching the feet or profile rails	16 Nm
Screws for the cover on the top of the inverter	6 Nm
Counter nut of M63 cable gland	14 Nm
Swivel nut for M63 cable gland	33 Nm
Swivel nut for M32 cable gland	5 Nm
SUNCLIX swivel nut	2 Nm

Data Storage Capacity

Daily energy yields	63 days
Daily yields	30 years
Event messages for users	1024 events
Event messages for installers	1024 events

14 Accessories

You will find the accessories for your product in the following overview. If required, these can be ordered from SMA Solar Technology AG or your distributor.

Designation	Short designation	SMA order number
SMA Antenna Extension Kit	Accessory set for one SMA inverter for the optimization of the SMA inverter's WLAN radio range.	EXTANT-40
SMA Sensor Module	Interface for one SMA inverter as retrofit kit for capturing environmental data (e.g. solar irradiation, ambient temperature, cell temperature, wind speed or SO meters).	MD.SEN-40
Universal mounting system	For wall mounting or as a platform for higher mounting of the inverter on the ground	UMS_KIT-10
SMA 485 Module	Interface for establishing cable-bound communication via RS485	MD.485-40
SMA I/O modules	Interface to implement grid management services and/or grid and PV system protection	MD.IO-40
AC overvoltage protection elements	Surge protection devices Type II for AC side	AC_SPD_Kit1-10
DC overvoltage protection elements	Surge protection devices Type II for DC side	DC_SPD_Kit4-10

15 Contact

If you have technical problems with our products, please contact the SMA Service Line. The following data is required in order to provide you with the necessary assistance:

- Device type
- Serial number
- Firmware version
- Event message
- Mounting location and mounting height
- Type and number of PV modules
- Optional equipment, e.g. communication products
- Use the name of the system in Sunny Portal (if available)
- Access data for Sunny Portal (if available)
- Special country-specific settings (if available)
- Operating mode of the multifunction relay

Deutschland	SMA Solar Technology AG	Belgien	SMA Benelux BVBA/SPRL
Österreich	Niestetal	Belgique	Mechelen
Schweiz	Sunny Boy, Sunny Mini Central, Sunny Tripower, Sunny High- power: +49 561 9522-1499 Monitoring Systems (Kommunikationsprodukte): +49 561 9522-2499 Hybrid Controller: +49 561 9522-3199 Sunny Island, Sunny Boy Stor- age, Sunny Backup: +49 561 9522-399	België	+32 15 286 730 for Netherlands: +31 30 2492 000
	Sunny Central, Sunny Central Storage: +49 561 9522-299 SMA Online Service Center: www.SMA-Service.com	Nederland	SMA Online Service Center: www.SMA-Service.com
		Česko	SMA Service Partner TERMS a.s.
		Magyarország	+420 387 6 85 111
		Slovensko	SMA Online Service Center: www.SMA-Service.com
		Türkiye	SMA Service Partner DEKOM Ltd. Şti. +90 24 22430605
France	SMA France S.A.S. Lyon +33 472 22 97 00 SMA Online Service Center : www.SMA-Service.com	Ελλάδα Κύπρος	SMA Service Partner AKTOR FM. Αθήνα +30 210 8184550 SMA Online Service Center: www.SMA-Service.com

España	SMA Ibérica Tecnología Solar, S.L.U.	United Kingdom	SMA Solar UK Ltd.
Portugal	Barcelona +34 935 63 50 99 SMA Online Service Center: www.SMA-Service.com		Milton Keynes +44 1908 304899 SMA Online Service Center: www.SMA-Service.com
Italia	SMA Italia S.r.l. Milano +39 02 8934-7299 SMA Online Service Center: www.SMA-Service.com	Australia	SMA Australia Pty Ltd. Sydney Toll free for Australia: 1800 SMA AUS (1800 762 287) International: +61 2 9491 4200
United Arab Emirates	SMA Middle East LLC Abu Dhabi +971 2234 6177 SMA Online Service Center: www.SMA-Service.com	India	SMA Solar India Pvt. Ltd. Mumbai +91 22 61713888
ไทย	SMA Solar (Thailand) Co., Ltd. กรุงเทพฯ +66 2 670 6999	대한민국	SMA Technology Korea Co., Ltd. 서울 +82-2-520-2666
South Africa	SMA Solar Technology South Africa Pty Ltd. Cape Town 08600SUNNY (08600 78669) International: +27 (0)21 826 0699 SMA Online Service Center: www.SMA-Service.com	Argentina Brasil Chile Perú	SMA South America SPA Santiago de Chile +562 2820 2101
Other countries	International SMA Service Line Niestetal 00800 SMA SERVICE (+800 762 7378423) SMA Online Service Center: www.SMA-Service.com		

16 EU Declaration of Conformity

within the scope of the EU directives

- Electromagnetic compatibility 2014/30/EU (29.3.2014 L 96/79-106) (EMC)
- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU (29.3.2014 L 96/357-374) (LVD)
- Radio Equipment Directive 2014/53/EU (22.5.2014 L 153/62) (RED)
- Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances 2011/65/EU (L 174/88, June 8, 2011) and 2015/863/EU (L 137/10, March 31, 2015) (RoHS)



SMA Solar Technology AG confirms herewith that the products described in this document are in compliance with the fundamental requirements and other relevant provisions of the above-mentioned directives. The entire EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at www.SMA-Solar.com.

